

## Take the guessing out of color matching

For free expert advice on bathroom decoration, color combinations and fixtures contact:



**ANBAN TRADING**  
JEDDAH: 73565-76728  
RIYADH: 27758

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

# arab news

Publishers: saudi research and marketing company

Fresh Always

## BULK & BAG CEMENT



**ROLACO**

TEL: JEDDAH: 51557-54109  
DAMMAM: 23868  
RIYADH: 87236

VOL. IV NO. 134

MONDAY 4 DECEMBER 1978 • JEDDAH • 4 MUHARRAM 1399 A.H.

FOURTEEN PAGES—ONE RIYAL

## 12 killed, 55 injured over weekend in Tehran



STREET BATTLE: Demonstrators battling troops in downtown Tehran Sunday. (Wirephoto)

TEHRAN, Dec. 3 (Agencies) — Troops fired on groups of street protesters in several parts of Tehran Sunday after a weekend of widespread anti-government demonstrations in which at least 12 persons were killed.

The government casualty toll Sunday night stood at 12 dead and 55 wounded, although usually reliable sources said 27 had been killed and many Iranians believed the toll was considerably higher.

Opposition deputies Sunday tabled three censure motions in parliament condemning the military-led government over army shooting on demonstrators, who have been out on the

streets for two nights in defiance of an overnight curfew.

Saturday the demonstrators chanted slogans saying that more than 1,000 persons had died on Friday night and Saturday morning. But government officials described their claims as ridiculous and said nearly all the shooting was into the air and over the demonstrators' heads.

Opposition sources said that a veterinary surgeon was killed when troops opened fire on demonstrators in north Tehran Sunday.

Moderate opposition sources said 10 persons were confirmed by hospitals to have been shot

dead during Saturday night's demonstrations. Two persons were also shot dead before the curfew near Tehran's Imam Zaman Mosque, they said.

Reports Saturday spoke of 67 freshly-dug graves in the city's Behesht-Zahra cemetery and reporters who went there Sunday said there were more. But there was no indication whether they were for demonstration victims or people who died of natural causes.

In addition to the three separate censure motions over the shootings another opposition member of parliament censured the government, appointed by the Shah a month ago to quell street unrest for what he called "suppression and censorship" of the Iranian news media.

Another group of deputies tabled a question asking the government why two leaders of the opposition National Front Party, Karim Sanjati and Dariush Forouhar, were still under arrest when, they said, charges of unconstitutional statements against them had been found not proven.

The two men were arrested three weeks ago shortly after Dr. Sanjati returned from talks in Paris, with the Shah's exiled chief religious opponent, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

Reports reaching here from the provinces indicated continuing anti-government demonstrations, shooting and deaths in several towns.

Opposition sources reported up to 10 persons killed and 30 injured Saturday in the Gulf port of Bushehr, and many arrests there Sunday.

(Continued on back page)

## Kuwaiti oil minister here for coordination

RIYADH, Dec. 3 (Agencies) — Kuwaiti Oil Minister Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al-Sabah arrived here Friday for talks with his Saudi counterpart Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani.

The talks are expected to deal with oil policy coordination in preparation for the Dec. 16 conference of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries in Abu Dhabi.

In Jakarta, meanwhile, Indonesian Mining and Energy Minister M. Subroto said his country hopes for an oil price increase of about 15 per cent at the OPEC meeting later this month.

Subroto told parliament Saturday that Indonesia and other OPEC countries had suffered losses in their purchasing power due to inflation and the decline of the U.S. dollar.

He said it was difficult to speculate on the exact increase but he expected it to be around 15 per cent.

In a related development Iraqi Oil Minister Tayeb Abdul Karim conferred in Baghdad Sunday with Ali Atiqa, secretary general of the Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC), and an accompanying delegation.

(Continued on back page)

## Fahd, Kuwait premier hold private talks



OFFICIAL TALKS: King Fahd during his meeting with Kuwaiti Premier Sheikh Ali Al-Sabah Sunday. Bottom picture shows the premier with Crown Prince Fahd before the start of their official talks.

RIYADH, Dec. 3 (Agencies) — Crown Prince Fahd Sunday held a private round of talks with visiting Kuwaiti Prime Minister Sheikh Saad Al-Abdullah Al-Sabah.

The Kuwaiti leader arrived here Saturday on a five-day official visit to Saudi Arabia, as part of a 19-day tour of the region.

In a statement to the Saudi newspaper "Al-Jazirah" published Sunday, Prince Fahd said: "Sheikh Saad's visit came at the right time and it is in fact an extension of the ongoing cooperation between the two countries. We shall certainly reach an understanding on what should serve and benefit our region."

Prince Fahd did not rule out discussions of the situation in Iran since, he said, "any foreign developments or events which may have an effect on our situation or on Arab affairs would be dealt with. The situation in Iran affects us and it is inevitable that we discuss what is happening there."

Prince Fahd said "we need stability and security in a region which is of international strategic importance."

"Al-Jazirah" quoted Sheikh Saad as saying that lack of proper economic coordination among Gulf states has led to considerable waste of national wealth.

"We feel that many issues should be discussed at the economic and political levels so that the role of the Gulf and peninsular states would be consistent with their potential."

Commenting on the duration of his visit, Sheikh Saad said that past visits had been too short for positive results which used to be left to follow up committees.

"This time the visit is long enough to achieve results and not a mere understanding of what should be done."

Sheikh Saad confirmed that the talks with Prince Fahd would deal with the situation in Iran because "what is happening there is bound to have repercussions on the region."

During the second day of his visit, Sheikh Saad was guest of honor at a luncheon banquet given by King Fahd, which was attended by Prince Fahd, Prince Abdullah, the second deputy premier and commander of the National Guard.

(Continued on back page)

## Israel outlines message to Sadat

TEL AVIV, Dec. 3 (Agencies) — The Israeli cabinet Sunday agreed the outlines of a crucial message responding to President Anwar Sadat's proposals for reviving peace treaty negotiations.

Government sources said the reply provided no breakthrough on the main issues that have brought treaty negotiations to a virtual standstill.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin told reporters after a four-hour cabinet meeting he had reported to ministers on a letter he received from the Egyptian leader last week.

He said he would draft a reply later in the day and discuss the finer points with some of his colleagues Monday. "This is a very important contact between the two governments," Begin said.

Contents of the Sadat message and the proposed reply were not revealed. But Sadat was believed to have pursued his two major demands. Chief of these is some form of timetable link between a peace treaty and elections for self-rule on the Jordan West Bank and in Gaza. The other is for revision of a treaty clause downgrading Egypt's commitments to other Arab states.

Meanwhile in Cairo, foreign ministry officials said Sunday Egypt hopes for a positive Israeli response to Sadat's letter.

Sadat sent his letter simultaneously on Friday to Begin and to President Carter in Washington.

"Egypt is keen to resume the negotiations because it is the only way to overcome existing difficulties," one Egyptian Foreign Ministry official said. In a speech Saturday night Begin reiterated Israel's offer to sign immediately a draft peace treaty in a form agreed last month at negotiations in Washington.

(Continued on back page)

## Aden denies presence of Soviet navel base

HAMBURG, West Germany, Dec. 3 (R) — South Yemen President Ali Nasser Muhammad Sunday dismissed claims that the Soviet Union had a marine base in the port of Aden.

"We have not put a marine base or any military base at the disposal of the Soviet Union or handed one over to them," President Nasser Muhammad told the West German news magazine "Der Spiegel."

"A simple reason (is): The Soviet Union has not asked us for one. It has no interest in such a military base," he said.

Nasser Muhammad said his country was part of what he called the international socialist revolutionary movement, but had no plans to join the Warsaw Pact, the Soviet-bloc military alliance.

"A strategic alliance with the socialist countries under the leadership of the Soviet Union is of vital importance effectively to meet the unholy alliance between Zionism and Arab reaction on one side and American imperialism on the other," he said.

Nasser Muhammad denied

that South Yemen had harbored Bader-Meinhof terrorists and given them military training. "We have not given asylum to that terrorist band nor given them military training," he told "Der Spiegel."

"We are against international terrorism, and we are bored with always having to hear these lies," he retorted when the "Spiegel" correspondent said that non-Germans had made statements declaring the existence of such training camps.

In 1975, South Yemen agreed to a West German government request to allow into the country four West German urban guerrillas released from jail to secure the freedom of West Berlin politician Peter Lorenz.

Nasser Muhammad said the quartet had already left his country when the West German government asked South Yemen to arrest them again.

When asked if Aden was harboring four guerrilla suspects freed by Yugoslavia last month despite a West German request for their extradition, Nasser Muhammad said: "We are sheltering no German terrorists here."

## Doctors believe Boumedienne may be brought out of coma

ALGIERS, Dec. 3 (Agencies) — Sixty-two medical specialists are now attending Algerian President Houari Boumedienne, in a coma for the past two weeks, and a medical bulletin Saturday night said doctors think he could recover consciousness.

The bulletin said his condition was stable. Informal sources said doctors had found two blood clots on the president's brain.

The brief bulletin said an electro-encephalography examination showed the president's brain signals to be below normal. But the agency quoted medical sources as saying doctors believed they might be able to bring Boumedienne out of his coma.

Independent medical sources, however, said Boumedienne was not expected to recover, but could be kept alive for many weeks with the help of a formidable battery of survival machines flown in from the United States and Western Europe.

Boumedienne was stricken two months ago with a malignant form of Waldenstrom's

disease, a rare blood disorder accompanied by disintegration of bone marrow, kidney tissue and other vital organs.

The international team attending the president includes doctors from the United States, the Soviet Union, China, Britain, and West Germany.

The official Algerian press Saturday mentioned for the first time an "after Boumedienne" period.

Informal sources said that the Council of the Revolution, Algeria's ruling body, had

recognized the need to appoint a successor.

In the event of the president's death, a new one must be appointed within 45 days. There is no provision, however, for a president incapacitated by illness.

Saturday Algerians were told that the president's illness would not affect the strong personal and financial support that he has given to Polisario Front guerrillas fighting for

(Continued on back page)

The gift giving season is coming. Reach gift buyers, bargain hunters and shoppers December 18, 1978 with **arab news** Best Buys Supplement

Please reserve your advertising space by December 10, 1978.

Call:

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4556  
TEL: 54962-26705-30213 CABLE: MARADNEWS  
TELEX: 401570 ARABNEWS SJ JEDDAH  
RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAHBI BUILDING NO. 2, 4TH FLOOR, APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 38272-30480 TELEX: 201680, CABLE: ARABNEWS  
TELEX: 201680 MARAD SJ  
EASTERN REGION OFFICE: 2 PRINCE MOHAMMAD ST. NEAR JUFFALI SHOWROOM, AL KHOBAR, CABLE: ARABNEWS P.O. BOX 871, TEL: 42991  
MIDDLE EAST OFFICE: EGYPT: 31 JAKIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINET AL MOHANDASEEN, ADOUKI, CAIRO TEL: 518292  
LEBANON: SANAYIN EL GHANEM BLDG., P.O. BOX 8888 BEIRUT, LEBANON, TEL: 547080 TELEX: 20649  
LONDON OFFICE: 67 GOUGH SQUARE, FLEET STREET, LONDON EC4A 3J, TEL: 353-4413/4/5/6 TEL: 88272 ARAB NEWS  
EUROPEAN OFFICE: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOLARD, GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, TEL: 211711 TELEX: 288005 SARIE, P.O. BOX 795 1211 GENEVA 3  
THE NETHERLANDS: MIDDLE EAST MANAGEMENT 6 V, PRAAG PLANTSOEN 188, HAARLEM TEL: 023-343888 TEL: 71193  
U.S. OFFICE: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1950 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245  
TELEX: 790209 ARABNEWS HOU  
WASHINGTON, D.C.: 359 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7185, TELEX: 440588 SAUDI U  
JAPAN OFFICE: 8-2, 2-12-10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, TEL: (045) 573-5818 TELEX J 47896 UMULOURA, CABLE: UMULOURA

## COMPLETE DECORATION SERVICES INCLUDING PLANNING AND EXECUTION

**WARDEH**  
SALEHIYA EST.

TELEVISION 5  
RIYADH  
PHONE 3220  
33202 33201



## Khaled sees senator, Qatari royal visitors

RIYADH, Dec. 3 (SPA) — King Khaled Sunday received U.S. Senator Mike Gravel (D-Ala) who is on a visit to Saudi Arabia.

The King also received members of the ruling family

of Qatar and members of the teaching faculty of Riyadh University, led by Rector Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Faddah, who came to wish him well on his safe return from abroad.

The Qatari visitors left for home after their audience.

Two senior Palestinian officials, Khaled Al-Hassan and Mahmoud Abbas, known as Abu Mazen who are members of the central committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization, arrived in Riyadh to congratulate King Khaled on his safe return.

A high Omani delegation will arrive in Jeddah Tuesday to congratulate the King.

The delegation will give a message from Sultan Qaboos bin Said to the King.

Led by Tuwaini bin Shihab, the governor of Muscat and personal adviser to the sultan, it will include Hamad bin Hamoud, the minister in charge of the sultan's court affairs.

The King returned last Monday from Geneva, after undergoing coronary by-pass surgery in the United States and convalescing there and in Europe.

### Narcotics unit nabs distillers, dope trafficker

JEDDAH, Dec. 3 — The Narcotics Squad of the Ministry of the Interior recently arrested a group involved in distilling liquor for sale and a man described as "the most active drug trafficker in the country," "Al-Riyadh" reported Sunday.

According to the paper, liquor was traced to a house in Jeddah. A squad officer, posing as a buyer, gained access to the house and found the still in full operation.

The same day the squad surrounded another house in Jeddah and arrested a man and a quantity of dangerous drugs, the paper said.

### Single calendar proposed for Muslim world

ISTANBUL, Dec. 3 — An Islamic conference here has resolved to make the sighting of the crescent in any one Muslim country binding on all Muslim countries, it was learned Sunday.

A permanent committee, made up of ulama and astronomers from Turkey, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, Algeria, Indonesia and Bangladesh, will work toward a common lunar calendar for Muslim countries and will hold its first meeting here next month.

To accelerate the sighting of the crescent moon, which marks the beginning of each month, the committee will prepare a map showing places from which the moon is most likely to be sighted.



SENATOR: King Khaled Sunday receiving in audience Senator Mike Gravel (D-Ala), who is on a short visit to Saudi Arabia.

### Ministry readying programs

## Women to read for Master's degrees

RIYADH, Dec. 3 (SPA) — The Ministry of Higher Education has announced plans for women to take higher degrees up to the Master's degree, according to Dr. Abdullah Al-Hegalan, deputy director general of higher education for girls.

The Directorate General for Women's Colleges is now making arrangements specialized for women to undertake higher studies toward Master's degrees, he said Sunday.

The studies will be in sections considered suitable for women, he said.

Postgraduate studies at the women's college at Riyadh University started three years ago and a number of women have completed teaching diplomas and a preparatory year for the Masters, he said.

Hegalan said that a new section for Islamic studies is to open at the Women's College at King Abdul Aziz University at the start of this academic year to bring the total number of sections to twelve.

He added that a ceremony will be held for the first time there next month to honor more than 220 female students of various specializations.

Meanwhile, "Al-Riyadh" newspaper reported Sunday that Muhammad Jabr, has been awarded a Doctor's degree from the University of Montpellier in southern France for a dissertation on comparative law with special reference to the Egyptian legal system.

The dean of Montpellier's School of Law and Economics described Jabr's thesis as of great importance, the paper said.

### Local Briefs

RIYADH, (SPA) — Dr. Zuhair Ahmad Al-Sebai of Riyadh University's faculty of medicine and adviser to the World Health Organization (WHO) leaves Monday for Geneva and then Brazzaville to attend a WHO conference on health planning and the development of manpower.

SANAA, (SPA) — The new Saudi Ambassador to North Yemen Sheikh Tarrad Al-

## Kingdom gives \$10m to launch Muslim research organization

By Farouk Lugman  
JEDDAH, Dec. 3 — Saudi Arabia has announced an outright donation of \$10 million to the fledgling Islamic Science Foundation, which is being formed to promote science and technology in the Muslim world.

An advisory council of the foundation meets here Monday to prepare a charter for the foundation. The council is made up of representatives of 13 Muslim countries and the Arab League and will select a representative from a 14th country Monday on the recommendation of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC).

OIC Assistant Secretary General Zafar ul-Islam told "Arab News" Sunday that the Saudi donation covered 20 per cent of the budget envisaged for the first stage of the foundation's activity — "an indication of the profound interest the Kingdom is taking in Islamic causes and the affairs of the organization," which was formed on the initiative of King Faisal.

The foundation aims to "generate greater scientific and technical research in Muslim countries oriented toward the needs and environment of Muslims." For the first phase of activity toward this objective, Zafar said, \$50 million is needed.

The money is expected in donations from member states and in grants from the Islamic Solidarity Fund as well as gifts from organizations and individuals. The Saudi donation is the first to be made.

In promoting scientific research and technical education, the foundation intends to undertake the building of scientific institutes, to supply equipment and staff to existing centers, to subsidize technical education and to initiate projects, Zafar said.

These projects will cover a wide field including geological surveying and mapping, solar, nuclear and geothermal energy, research into petroleum and its derivatives, water development and desalination; the creation of electronic and engineering industries, research in medicine and pharmaceuticals, oceanography, space research, defense technology and



Dr. Zafar ul-Islam

the protection of the environment.

Entitled "Zafar said all Muslim students will be entitled to join the institutions that the foundation builds or finances in Muslim countries. These institutions will be managed either by the host government or by

special agencies set up by the foundation.

The member states of the advisory council of the foundation are Bangladesh, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Malaysia, Morocco, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sudan, Tunisia, and Turkey.

## Largest-ever Saudi team leaves for Asian Games

RIYADH, Dec. 3 (SPA) — Members of the 250-strong Saudi delegation to the Eighth Asian Games in Bangkok left here Sunday led by Prince Fahd bin Sultan, vice-chairman of the Saudi Olympic Committee and deputy minister for labor and social affairs.

The delegation, the largest ever sent to compete abroad,

includes teams for soccer, basketball, volleyball, handball, table tennis, cycling, rifle shooting, swimming and track and field events as well as officials and journalists.

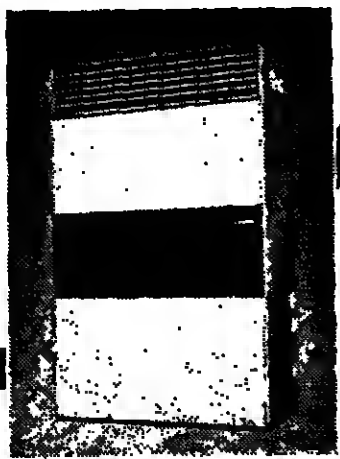
The teams have been training abroad and at a special camp here for the last three weeks. The games, which begin on Dec. 9 will be attended by 26 Asian countries.

So quiet you'll think it's off,  
so cool you'll know it's on.

### National Packaged Air Conditioners



CU-107DV  
Height: 808mm(31 3/4 inches)  
Width: 1,630mm(64 1/8 inches)  
Depth: 780mm(30 3/4 inches)  
Net weight: 150kg(331lb)



CU-58DV  
Height: 808mm(31 3/4 inches)  
Width: 1,092mm(43 inches)  
Depth: 742mm(29 1/4 inches)  
Net weight: 75kg(165lb)

National Packaged Air Conditioners Make an Ideal Environment with Abundant Types for Various Applications. Outstanding cooling power. Handsome design, compact size and light weight. Simple installation. Quiet operation. Easy operation.

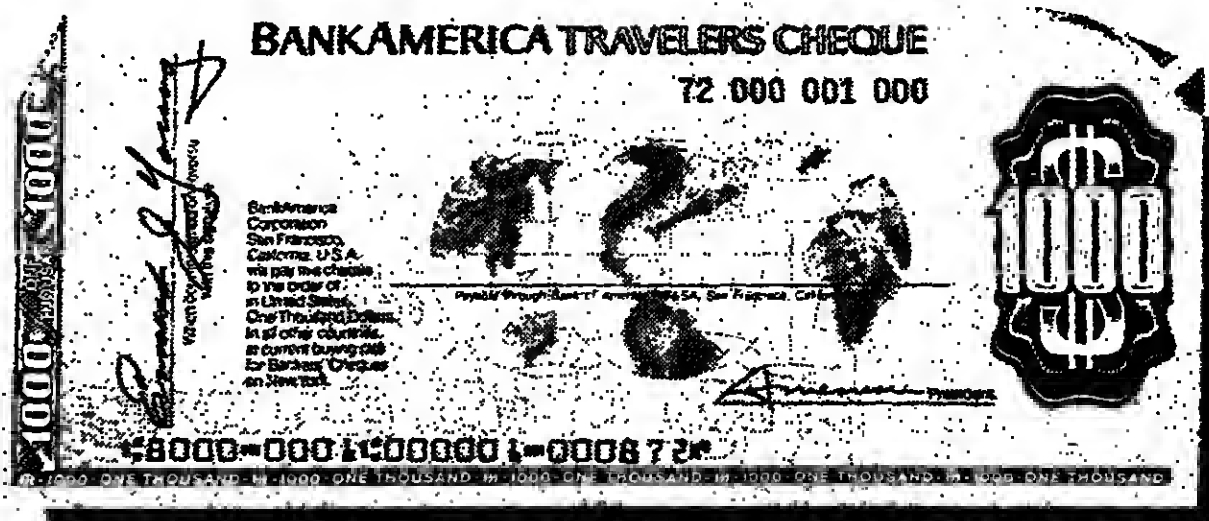


National

DEHLAWI ESTABLISHMENT

JEDDAH TEL: 23847/31632/23895 MECCA TEL: 27172/27272 MEDINA TEL: 21625  
RIYADH TEL: 26788 DAMMAM TEL: 26987 TAIF TEL: 21425

# World



# Money.

BankAmerica Travelers Cheques are now available in new \$500 and \$1000 denominations. What's more, they're accepted throughout the world. That's why we call them World Money. So next time you take a vacation or a business trip anywhere around the world, take along World Money — BankAmerica Travelers Cheques!

BankAmerica Travelers Cheques.





## Heykal sees no peace

## Egypt, Israel to sign treaty

LONDON, Dec. 3 (R) — Muhammad Heykal, former editor-in-chief of the semi-official Cairo newspaper "Al-Ahram", said he expected Egypt and Israel would sign a peace treaty—but the treaty would not mean peace.

Heykal, a prominent critic of President Sadat's attempts to cement a bilateral pact with Israel, was speaking in a British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) television interview Saturday night.

In Britain for the publication of a history of Arab-Soviet relations, he said both Israel and Egypt had gone so far on the road to concluding a treaty they could not retreat. But "signing a peace agree-

ment is one thing and achieving peace is another thing...I do not expect peace to happen."

Heykal said this was because the problem should be seen in an Arab-Israeli context—not merely an Egyptian-Israeli context.

"I think to reach a peace agreement all the parties to the problem should be there... Egypt, Jordan, the Palestinians and the Syrians, backed by the other Arab states," he said.

Asked what the reaction within would be to the signing of a separate peace treaty, Heykal said there had been a certain amount of euphoria in Egypt after the Camp David agreements but "the problem



Muhammad Heykal

with these euphoric situation, if they are not based on solid facts, is that the euphoria evaporates and then you are going to find yourself with the problems created by the after-effects and the reactions to false hopes and unreasonable expectations."

Asked if he thought President Sadat should step down, he replied: "No, no, no, but some moderate Arab states, for example Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, can play a role to modify the situation...We can ameliorate the Camp David agreement. This is happening as a matter of fact."

Khaddam was quoted as saying that resolutions of a recent conference of foreign ministers of countries participating in or financing the Arab Deterrent Force in Lebanon should be implemented to restore stability there.

The resolutions had emphasized the Arab character of Lebanon and its territorial integrity.

## Sadat, Begin urged to delay Noble prize

TEL AVIV, Dec. 3 (R) — Two Israeli newspapers Sunday urged the joint winners of the Nobel Peace Prize — Egypt's President Anwar Sadat and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin — to postpone the award ceremony until they had signed a treaty.

President Sadat was expected to send a representative to Oslo to accept the prize while Begin planned to attend the ceremony, scheduled for next Sunday.

The afternoon daily, "Maariv," said that "in view of the cloudy future of Israeli-Egyptian peace negotiations it would be best to postpone the granting of the awards until after a treaty has been signed."

The English-language "Jerusalem Post" wrote that "it would be advisable for Begin to propose to Mr. Sadat that they both urge the Nobel Peace Prize committee to postpone awarding the prize until after Israel and Egypt have actually concluded and signed a peace treaty."

## Pakistan to follow Islamic teachings

ISLAMABAD, Dec. 3 (AP) — President Gen. Muhammad Zia ul-Haq has announced a series of steps to place the nation's laws and political-economic life in step with Islamic teachings.

Zia announced the "Islamization" measures in a speech broadcast nationally on Saturday, the first day of the Muslim year of Hijrah.

Government offices and organizations would arrange for Muslim prayers to be said during office hours, he said.

Special Islamic or Shari'a benches would be set up immediately at all high courts and superior courts to strike down laws which go against Islamic teaching.

In such a way all Pakistanis including the group of three judges who will sit on each bench can test Pakistan's law

and parts which go against Islam would be voided, Zia said.

The president said plans were also being made to replace the existing Western-style economic system with one based on Islamic law.

The Council of Islamic Ideology, meanwhile, would establish new laws to take effect next February dealing with theft, drinking, adultery and protection of religious freedom.

The introduction of Islamic laws follows a year-long campaign by several political parties to do so. Zia had pledged to take steps to make Islam a more important part of Pakistani rule after taking power from Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto in July, 1977.

Islam provides severe punishments for crimes like theft, drinking and adultery.

## Syrian, Lebanese sought for murder of 9 persons

BEIRUT, Dec. 3 (R) — A Syrian army deserter and a Lebanese man were being hunted Saturday night on charges of having killed nine members of a family and their relatives in a \$60,000 robbery on Nov. 1.

Two Lebanese men are being held in connection with the murder of the family of Elias Abou Rjeileh — including six women and two children — for his hoard of 200,000 Lebanese pounds kept at his home in the mountain village of Baa'ashmei in the Bhamdoun area near Beirut.

The Arab Deterrent Force (ADF) issued a statement identifying the wanted deserter as Ayman Zahreddin, adding that the two Lebanese already in custody had confessed to participating in the mass murder at his instigation.

## Afro-Arab panel prepares for ministerial meeting

KUWAIT, Dec. 3 (R) — A 24-nation Arab-African commission started a three-day meeting here Sunday aimed at paving the way for the first ever regular Arab-African ministerial council meeting.

Arab League Secretary-General Mahmoud Riad told the

opening session Arab-African cooperation would help create a new world economic system sympathetic to the rights and prosperity of third world countries and ensuring the proper exploitation of these countries' natural resources.

## Ecevit, Bakr hold talks on relations

BAGHDAD, Dec. 3 (AP) — Turkish Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit conferred with President Ahmed Hassan Bakr of Iraq Sunday and an official announcement said they discussed ways of expanding the already close and friendly relations between the two countries.

Ecevit who is on a two-day visit to Iraq conferred with Iraq's Vice President Saddam Hussein Saturday.

The main topics being discussed are the pumping of Iraqi oil to Turkey through the 1,057 km pipeline linking the two countries and the signing of new economic and trade agreements.

## Numeiri to help Zambia, Uganda settle conflict

KHARTOUM, Dec. 3 (AP) — President Jaafar Numeiri has announced he will visit Uganda and Tanzania next week in a new bid to mediate a settlement of the war between the two countries.

Numeiri, who is due to start his tour on Friday, said he will also visit Zambia and Kenya, in his capacity as the chairman of the Organization of African Unity (OAU).

## Six Turks released by Greece

MITILINI, Lesbos Island, Greece, Dec. 3 (R) — Six Turkish sailors jailed for violating Greek territorial waters were handed over to a Turkish mission which arrived here Sunday, a spokesman for harbor authorities said.

The six were arrested on Nov. 16 when their fishing boat put in at Mitilini harbor, which they said they mistook for a Turkish port.

They were sentenced to 15 months jail but were pardoned when Turkey released three Greek farmers Saturday.

## Lebanese militia leader criticizes U.S. policy

BEIRUT, Dec. 3 (R) — An extreme right-wing militia leader has accused the United States of helping Syria and the Palestinians gain control of Lebanon in order to resolve the Middle East conflict.

Etienne Saqr, chief of the radical "Guardians of the Cedars," told a press conference that U.S. policy was aimed at settling the Palestinians in Lebanon and giving part of the country to Syria as compensation for territory occupied by Israel.

Saqr, better known by his nom-de-guerre "Abu Arz," claimed the Americans were

also easing immigration controls to encourage Maronites to leave Lebanon.

"The U.S. wants to resolve the Middle East conflict by giving our country to the Syrians and the Palestinians, but we will fight against this treacherous policy with all the means at our disposal," he said.

Abu Arz repeated earlier statements that the prolonged Lebanese crisis could be overcome only after Syrian troops which form the bulk of a 30,000-strong Arab League peacekeeping force here and the Palestinians were forced to leave the country.

**Burroughs**  
COMPUTERS  
EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTORS  
**ARDICO**  
TEL: 62824 RIYADH

**CIT Alcatel**  
GROUPE CCE

**CEGARCO**

TELEPHONES, P.A.B.X.S, INTERCOM  
SYSTEMS SUPPLY, INSTALLATION, &  
MAINTENANCE  
**CALL CEDARCO**  
**TELECOMMUNICATION**  
P.O. BOX 5456 RIYADH ☎: 67470 /71  
TELEX: 201550  
P.O. BOX 3510 JEDDAH ☎: 50002/8  
TELEX: 401508

**GTE has Kelly Klosure Relocatable Buildings in Saudi Arabia.**



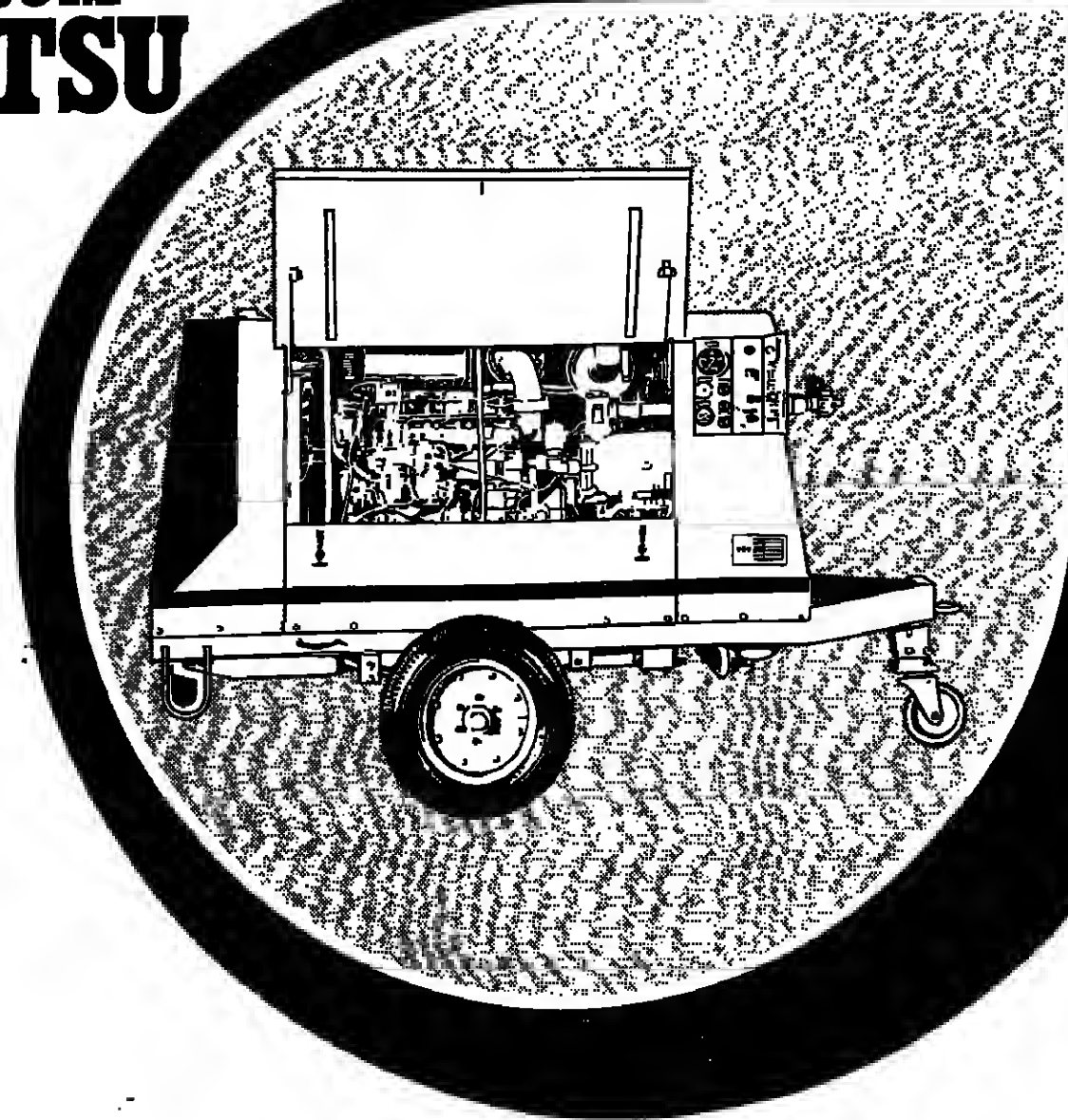
Reusable Kelly buildings provide you with the opportunity to increase or decrease the size immediately using pre-engineered panels and patented interlocking keys. Kelly buildings have 100% material recovery for the next job... whether it be for instant storage warehouses, maintenance shops or quarters.

GTE sells and services Kelly and other construction equipment in Saudi Arabia. Let us show you KELLIE KLOSURE SYSTEMS in use for contractors from all over the World. We have inventory for immediate installation, and our personnel are trained in design and erection.

**GTE**  
General Trading & Equipment Est.  
Opposite Maxum's Restaurant  
on Abdul Aziz Boulevard,  
Al-Khobar  
P.O. Box 194, Dhahran Airport  
Phone: 42919,  
Telex: 670119 ASIACO SJ

# COMPRESSORS

## FROM KOMATSU



**Every component is Komatsu-built.**  
**Every component is backed by Komatsu after-sales service**

## ROTARY VANE COMPRESSORS

At 7 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> (100 Psi)  
The EC 35V delivers 3.5m<sup>3</sup>/min (124 cfm)  
The EC 50V delivers 5.0m<sup>3</sup>/min (177 cfm)  
The EC 105V delivers 10.5m<sup>3</sup>/min (370 cfm)  
The EC 170V delivers 17.0m<sup>3</sup>/min (600 cfm)  
The EC 260V delivers 25.5m<sup>3</sup>/min (900 cfm)

## Z-SCREW COMPRESSORS

EC 50Z delivers 5.0m<sup>3</sup>/min. (177 cfm)  
EC 75Z delivers 7.5m<sup>3</sup>/min (265 cfm)

There's a Komatsu air-compressor to suit your needs: highway construction, site work, quarrying civil engineering...you name it, Komatsu can handle it.

Should you want to know more about the Komatsu Compressors Series book a demonstration with our Sales Dept. at:  
JEDDAH: P.O. Box 3329 TEL: 70141, 73404, 75253 & 74793  
RIYADH: P.O. Box 3588 TEL: 66530, 60105  
DAMMAM: P.O. Box 2277 TEL: 46482, 46871  
CABLE: KOMATSU JEDDAH—KODAM DAMMAM—KOMATSU RIYADH

TELEX:  
JEDDAH 401436 BUGOSHAN SJ  
RIYADH 201144 BOGSHAN SJ  
DAMMAM 670185 BOGSHAN SJ

**KOMATSU**  
A.S. BUGSHAN & BROS



## Secret papers disclose

## Cult attempted to sway Guyanese policies

JONESTOWN, Guyana, Dec. 3 (AP)—Suicide cult leader Jim Jones and his senior aides had Guyana's top law-enforcement officials stop an impending police investigation of the Jonestown settlement earlier this year, according to material contained in 120 pages of Jones' personal paper acquired by the Associated Press.

Jones helped repay this and other favors from the Guyanese government by having his Peoples Temple followers become deeply involved in local party politics. He even agreed to have his more than 1,000 followers vote illegally on the side of the ruling Peo-

ple's National Congress Party in an important referendum in July, the papers said.

The wheeling and dealing by Jones' aides among senior government ministers and officials in socialist and tightly controlled Guyana was an echo of his activities in San Francisco where for a time the cult leader was a valued ally, able to bring disciplined forces to vote as a bloc in political campaigns.

But the documents discovered by one of the first to reach Jones' jungle settlement after the mass suicide-murder that took more than 900 lives indicate his ambitions grew to

where he attempted to manipulate national policy in Guyana.

One memo to Jones dated March 7 this year said that at the request of the Peoples Temple the Cuban Embassy asked Prime Minister Forbes Burnham to reinstate fired Foreign Minister Fred Wills, who was a cult confidant. Burnham didn't do it, but an official told Jones' aides that he was not upset by their gesture.

No comment  
The Associated Press tried for one week without success to get comment from the Guyanese officials mentioned in the Jonestown papers.

The documents show that the major recurring concern of Jones' people was the possibility of a police investigation prompted by newspaper investigations in the United States.

When the demand for an investigation was first taken up in Guyana by former cabinet minister Brindley Benn last December Jones' top aide in Georgetown, Sharon Amos, personally demanded he retract the request. When Benn persevered in his probe demands in the pages of his party newspaper, Mrs. Amos started spreading the word that Benn had asked the U.S.

Embassy "for CIA aid to overthrow the government of Guyana."

The official spearheading the investigation drive was Police Commissioner Lloyd Barker. In April this year Barker told Mrs. Amos and other aides that he intended traveling to the Jonestown settlement to investigate it.

## Sought help

Unable to dissuade Barker the Peoples Temple aides sought help from former Foreign Minister Frederick R. Wills, whose name frequently crops up in the documents as an adviser on political, legal and social matters. He was removed from office in January this year.



ONE THAT GOT AWAY: Jonestown suicide survivor Odel Rhodes, 33, of Detroit, indicates where the shot that killed cult leader Jim Jones entered. Rhodes escaped shortly after the death rite began.

## Officials expect approval

## Spain votes Wednesday on constitution

MADRID, Dec. 3 (AP)—After more than 150 years of rule by royal decree, parliamentary fiat and civil war, Spaniards at last get the chance Wednesday to vote on their constitution.

Despite bloodshed, opposition from the left and right and general criticism, officials predict the 23 million voters will approve the new fundamental

laws affirming democratic reforms.

The constitution, the eighth since 1812, is the first to be put up for public ratification.

Even the elected parliament of the Spanish Republic in 1931 which preceded Franco and the civil war, did not refer its work to the voters who elected it.

The new constitution was ap-

proved overwhelmingly last autumn by the first freely elected parliament since the 1930s.

King Juan Carlos says the constitution is "an expression of the new national accord and fruit of general consensus." But he acknowledges privately that not everyone likes it.

The strongest opposition comes from political extremists, including Basque separatists who have stepped up a campaign of terror in Spain's northern provinces to scare voters away.

traditional Basque rights kings have honored for centuries. Officials will be happy with majority approval, even from a reduced number of voters in the Basque country, where more than 10,000 police will guard public buildings and polling stations.

Precautions are well advised. The Basque separatist organization ETA has committed nearly 50 murders this year.

Francoists and the extreme right also oppose the constitution, calling it a sell-out to the Socialists and Communists in parliament who would destroy unity by giving autonomy to Spain's 13 regions.

The Jones aides took information about an alleged attempt to intimidate a cult member to another apparent confidant, Barker's superior, Home Affairs Minister Claude V. Mingo, responsible for police and national security. They told him of the incident and also according to Miss Touchette, "we told him that Barker had said about coming up to investigate us. We were tired of investigations, could he do something about this?"

## Police attitude

The memo, dated Feb. 27, said "the next time we saw Mingo, Barker came out of his office as we were waiting to go in. He was extremely nice, making a very pointed effort to say hello and smile... a much different attitude than I have seen before, so I think that Mingo did talk to him."

## Lisbon parliament today weighs fate of cabinet

LISBON, Dec. 3 (AP)—Parliament begins a crucial debate Monday on the program of the 10th government Portugal has had since the 1974 revolution.

During the debate, which could last for up to five days, any party will be allowed to table a motion of rejection.

If such a motion won an absolute majority in the 263-seat house, the government would fall.

Prime Minister Carlos Mota Pinto's future rests with the main party, the Socialists, and they are generally expected to abstain, which would mean the government's survival.

This would allow the Socialists time to prepare for the next elections after their major loss of support in municipal voting and significant defections among the party hierarchy.

But Socialist leader Mario Soares has said Mota Pinto's government is the most rightist since 1974 and contains personalities linked with the old dictatorship.

The Communists have announced they will try to defeat

the government but the Conservative Centre Democrats and the centre-right Social Democrats have pledged support for Mota Pinto.

The Basque National Party, banned by Franco but now in parliament, urges abstention on the grounds that the constitution's home rule articles ignore

## For up to \$12 a week

## Bogota and its legion of the lost, picking garbage

BOGOTA, Dec. 3 (AP)—The old woman clutched impatiently at a large bone. Fumbling, she managed to drop it into her burlap bag. It was another day for her and 229 other unionized rag-pickers at Bogota's biggest garbage dump.

The sun has not yet burned off the early morning fog at the mile-square dump each day when the men, women, children and buzzards swoop on the first garbage trucks.

Being first to sift through the refuse is important. The slow ones, like the old woman with the arthritic hands, earn as little as \$7.50 a week. The young men make as much as \$12, Colombia's per capita income is only \$650 a year.

The rag-pickers formed their union in 1961. Each of the 230 members pays the union the peso equivalent of 50 cents a week for the right to poke

around in the garbage for a living. The union also charges undisclosed sums to private trash collectors who come to buy bones, bottles, cans and cardboard retrieved from the dump.

The scavengers got about three cents a pound for bones, which are used for making glue. Recyclable cardboard brings about a penny a pound. Aluminum cans are worth about two cents a pound, and some bottles which can be used again at factories bring a little more than half a cent each.

The dump belongs to the Bogota Public Services Department. Its garbage collectors, have the right to operate the dump as a business enterprise. The garbage collectors' union charges the rag-pickers' union \$1,000 a month for the right to work the dumps.

A 28-year-old man, had looked for work for months before following the suggestion of a friend to work at the dump. He has now been a unionized scavenger for three years.

The dump has become a rendezvous for some of Bogota's most down-and-out. The place appears to breed contempt for the government as easily as it breeds rats.

"Do you think anyone out there with the government cares if we starve or not?" asked the young man as he gestured toward the skyline of 50-story steel-and-glass buildings and the international airport of El Dorado about a mile away.

"They say there's no unemployment problem here," he spat for emphasis. "Where do they do the counting? Chico Reservado?" Chico Reservado

is where many of the city's rich, including drug traffickers, live.

The government claims that the unemployment rate is 7.6 per cent. Private economists, preferring anonymity, say it is 10 per cent for 20 per cent, depending upon whether you include the underemployed such as the rag-pickers, or the men who draw crowds in Bogota's small squares by rolling around in broken glass, some which leave their bodies bloodied and scarred.

Three women cooking a stew over an open fire amid the tons of fly-covered garbage were asked if they had children and what kind of lives they could afford for them.

"Mister, my neighborhood doesn't look much better than this dump," said one of the women who said she was 30, but looked at least 65. "I've

got four children. Listen, Mister, they don't eat meat. They don't eat eggs. There isn't any milk for them. You got out and try to buy those kind of things when you've only got \$8 a week."

"It isn't easy watching your children cry for more food when there just isn't any more to give. People in town say we poor people are lazy. Do you think I wouldn't work in a nice factory if I could? Do you think I wouldn't be easier than being out there in this filth with these flies and buzzards?"

"You try coming out here and working for a day and see how your back feels the next day. Then you tell me if we're lazy."

These were grave nods of approval from the other two women and grumbling agreement from a small knot of men.

## 3 dead, 100 injured

## Tornadoes pummel Louisiana

BOSSIER CITY, Louisiana, Dec. 3 (AP)—A series of tornadoes ripped through northwest Louisiana early Sunday, killing three persons and injuring nearly 100 others and causing widespread damage.

One witness said a twister tore a two-mile swath, about two or three blocks wide, through Bossier City, hitting motels and homes.

"Horrible," said state trooper John Odum who drove through the area. "The city is in complete darkness. It looks like 15 to 20 blocks on the north side have been demolished."

Bossier Police Chief Milton Almond said, "There are bro-

ken gas mains, broken sewer mains.... We've got one motel completely demolished, one school completely demolished, two motels partly demolished.

"Several houses were hit. There was an apartment complex where one wing was taken down.

"We're trying to seal off the area to keep sightseers out."

State police said two chil-

dren were killed in Bossier City, a city of 60,000 adjacent to Shreveport near the Texas-Arkansas border.

In Heflin, in nearby Webster Parish, the sheriff's office said one person died when a house trailer was demolished.

Other tornadoes hit in the same area, damaging homes north of Minden and in Dub-

## Snowstorm sweeps U.S. Middle West

NEW YORK, Dec. 3 (AP)—A major storm brought snow or freezing rain to much of the U.S. Middle West Saturday. Snow fell over a large area from the central Rockies across northern Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa, promising another cold winter in the U.S.

Freezing drizzle extended from central Kansas across northern Missouri and freezing rain fell over central Illinois and northern Indiana.

Residents of several Kansas counties, where an ice storm the day before Thanksgiving

blackened out 30,000 residents, were without electricity and telephone service after power lines snapped under their cost of ice.

Heavy snow warnings were posted for Iowa and central and southeastern Nebraska. Storm warnings were out for northern and western Kansas and the mountains and eastern portion of Colorado.

Snow watches were in effect through Sunday for much of the southern Great Lakes region. Chicago faced the possibility of more heavy snow through the remainder of the weekend.

## Synanon founder held in murder conspiracy

LAKE HAVASU CITY, Ariz. Dec. 3 (AP)—Charles Dederich, founder of Synanon, a controversial religious sect and business empire, has been arrested in connection with a bizarre rattlesnake attack on a California lawyer, authorities said.

He was charged Friday in Los Angeles with conspiracy and solicitation to commit murder in the attack on attorney Paul Morantz. Bail was recommended at \$500,000.

Morantz, 33, was bitten Oct. 10 by a rattlesnake left in the mailbox of his home in Pacific Palisades, California. He was hospitalized for several days but survived the bite.

Two Synanon members, Lance Kenton, 20-year-old son of band leader Stan Kenton, and Joseph Musico, 28, were arrested a few days after the attack and charged with attempted murder.

alcoholic, founded Synanon 20 years ago in a Santa Monica storefront.

At first, the organization dealt exclusively with alcoholics and drug addicts. The key to rehabilitation was required participation in the Synanon "game," an encounter in which members sat in a circle pouring out their anger, fears and frustrations.

Mosny's line which usually he told prospective victims was that his grandmother in Kaluga, about 160 kilometers south of Moscow, had died recently and left him an inheritance of 15,000 rubles. However, because of technicalities he would only be able to withdraw the money from a savings bank at the end of the month.

Mosny would explain that he suddenly needed money because he was going to buy an expensive export-model Volga automobile. So he would ask people to loan him as much as they could, assuring them he would pay it back shortly with sizable interest.

According to "Pravda," Mosny ran his confidence game this way:

## FOR RENT

LAND OF 40-000 M<sup>2</sup> ON THE SIDE OF AL MEDINA ROAD KILO 14.

PLEASE TELEPHONE: 28625.

## POWER &amp; LONGER LIFE



Heavy Duty-General Purpose Batteries

Designed for use in medium and heavy drain applications:

- Cassette Tape Recorders
- Toys
- Heavy duty Flashlights
- Slide Viewers
- Electric Shavers
- Motor-Driven devices

Also available:

Mercury/Silver Oxide Batteries for:

- Hearing Aids
- Electronic Watches
- Walkie Talkies, etc...

UNION CARBIDE

RAJAB & SILSILAH

JEDDAH — MECCA — RIYADH — DAMMAM — AL-KHOBAR

## UNITED ARAB

## SHIPPING COMPANY «S. A. G.»

THE NATIONAL FLAG LINE OF SAUDI ARABIA

ANNOUNCES THE ARRIVAL OF THEIR VESSELS TO BOTH DAMMAM AND JEDDAH PORTS ON THE PRESCRIBED DATES:

VESSELS NAME	E.T.A DAMMAM	E.T.A JEDDAH
AL SALIMIAH	4.12.1978	
IBN BAJJAH	6.12.1978	
IBN ABDOUN	8.12.1978	
IBN YOUNUS	8.12.1978	
IBN ASAKIR	6.12.1978	
IBN AL HAITHAM		2.12.1978

CONSIGNEES ARE REQUESTED TO COLLECT THEIR D/O TO AVOID ANY DELAYS.

AGENT: YUSUF BIN AHMED KANOO

DAMMAM TEL: 23011 RYADH TEL: 28942 JEDDAH TEL: 71608, 74241  
P.O.B. 37 P.O.B. 753 P.O.B. 812



## Two leaders restored

# Poster urges trial of 'Gang of Four'

PEKING, Dec. 3 (Agencies) — Large crowds in Peking Sunday read a poster calling for the public trial of China's disgraced radicals led by the late Chairman Mao Tse-tung's widow, Chiang Ching.

The demand to prosecute the 'Gang of Four' and their colleagues, was made as the country learned that two prominent victims of the Cultural Revolution had been rehabilitated and that more disgraced officials were likely to return to public life.

The poster, pasted Saturday on "Democracy Wall" on the city's main Chang An Boulevard

and in Tien An Men Square, was the latest in Peking's unprecedented public debate on democracy and freedom which has led to criticism of the country's past and present communist rulers.

Mao and the Cultural Revolution which he promoted have been attacked during the past two weeks of the campaign, but posters put up during the weekend support him and the present leadership.

"If the people who put up posters criticising Mao will give their names, we will smash their dogs heads. Mao is the red sun in our hearts," a poster near the

central Peking Hotel said.

Two of the earliest prominent victims of the radical Cultural Revolution, senior Communist Party officials Po I-po and Yang Chang-kun, have reappeared in public life after 12 years in disgrace.

The New China News Agency (NCNA) said they attended a memorial service Saturday for a vice-minister of public security, Yang Chi-ching, who died of illness on Nov. 24.

Uo, 71, was an alternate member of the Communist Party's Politburo and vice-chairman of the State Planning Commission. Yang, 75, was a

secretary of the party's Central Committee. They were purged in 1966.

Among charges levelled at Yang was that he eavesdropped on Mao's secret communications.

Senior Vice-Premier Teng Hsiao-ping, who backs the present poster campaign, said last week that among subjects being discussed at a high-level meeting now taking place in Peking was the rehabilitation of some senior officials removed during or before the Cultural Revolution.

Yang was born in Pingchiang County, Hunan Province. He joined the party in 1929, entered the Red Army the following year and took part in the Long March. He became vice minister of public security after the founding of Communist China.

More than 400 persons attended the funeral of Yang and some 600 representatives from the departments concerned went to the Peking hospital to pay last respects.

## Millions of transport documents put to torch by Rome saboteurs

ROME, Dec. 3 (R) — Terrorists set fire to the main computer in a Transport Ministry office Sunday causing millions of dollars damage.

"The damage is immense. We have lost three years of work," one official said.

Hundreds of thousands of files and microfilms representing more than 20 million transport documents were destroyed in the attack on a registration center in Rome, ministry officials said.

The attack was later claimed by a hitherto unknown group, the "Armed Anti-Imperialist

Movement," in a telephone call to the Communist daily newspaper, "Unita."

Three armed men burst into the building just before dawn, overpowered two technicians on duty and tied their legs with rope.

They then doused the computer and an adjoining room with petrol and set fire to the complex before escaping.

The technicians freed themselves and called the fire brigade, which brought the blaze under control but failed to save electronic equipment and documents.

Data on more than 20 million transport documents, including driving licences and registration papers, were lost, ministry officials said.

The computer also stored information on hundreds of thousands of stolen documents and cars.

Leftist extremists have made similar attacks on computer centers of Rome University, the army, and a bank.

Police believed the three men took an unspecified number of documents, mainly blank drivers' licences.

## Venezuela expects 90% turnout in 5th straight general election

CARACAS, Venezuela Dec. 3 (AP) — Venezuelans began a ten-hour election early Sunday in presidential and congressional balloting to pick successors to President Carlos Andres Perez and his five-year-old government.

About 90 per cent or more of 6.2 million registered voters above 18 years of age were expected to turn out at polls across the country. Results might not be available until early Monday, bipartisan electoral officials said.

Long lines of voters formed at most of 18,000 voting tables where army troops were stationed to guard the democratic outcome of the fifth successive presidential election since 1958. Voting is obligatory. Some one million new voters from age 18 to 23 were registered for the first time.

Of ten candidates to succeed Perez, who cannot run for re-election until 1983 under electoral laws, Luis Pinc-

rua Ordaz of the ruling Democratic Action (AD) Party and Luis Herrera Campins of Social Christian Party (COPEI) were given the best chances to win. Polls showed them running neck and neck in the waning days of a rowdy, expensive and lengthy, but non-violent election campaign. The elected president will assume office in March, 1979 for a five-year term.

Voters also chose a new 183-member Chamber of Deputies, a 42-member Senate and 20 new state legislatures.

The AD won elections in 1959 and 1964 while COPEI held office from 1969 to 1974. President Perez returned power to AD with a landslide victory in 1973 and has governed since March, 1974.

Perez, who becomes a lifetime member of the Venezuelan Senate, launched a vigorous foreign and domestic pro-

gram during this period in office. He nationalized the oil industry, played an important role in OPEC and spent billions of petrodollars in an effort to industrialize the country.

## Jungle wreck sends crew on trek to Mali's capital

BAMAKO, Dec. 3 (R) — Three exhausted travelers — including a West German and a Frenchman — have reached Mali's capital of Bamako after a five-day trek through the central African wilderness when their light plane ran out of fuel and crash landed in a river.

West German engineer Peter Ruthmann said Saturday, "We

landed in an uninhabited region, infested by wild animals, and we walked for four days without meeting a single human being."

"We had nothing to eat and only a small lighter with which we lit brush fires to keep ourselves warm." He is the representative of the West German Friedrich Ebert Foundation in Mali and Upper Volta.

Ruthmann was with his French companion and a third man from Upper Volta. Their Cessna 172 had to make a crash landing in Mali's Baoule River last Monday after they lost their way on flight from Bobo-Dioulasso in Upper Volta to Mali.

Mali's national radio station broadcast appeals to help find the missing men and they were picked up after their long trek near a village 170 km (105 miles) south of Bamako.

## Coco Chanel sale attracts world's elite

LONDON, Dec. 3 (AP) — Coco Chanel's personal wardrobe and jewelry went under the hammer for 68,655 pounds (\$137,300) at Christie's in London Saturday night.

The late French designer's version of her famous braid-bound suit fetched the top price of 2,400 pounds (\$4,800) from the Oslo museum.

Mme. Lilian Grumbach, Chanel's closest colleague in the last 14 years of her life, assembled the sale. She said the beige tweed outfit was "one of the best examples of Chanel's tailoring."

The sale attracted a rich and fashionable international audience that included millionaire Gunter Sachs, the Duchess of Argyll, Dr. Roy Strong, director of London's Victoria and Albert Museum, and Baroness David de Rothschild, whose purchase at 1,500 pounds (\$3,000) was Chanel's famous "little black dress."

The Victoria and Albert Museum paid 1,200 pounds (\$2,400) for a black sleeveless dress with three-quarter length coat worn by Chanel for a Visconti film premiere.



Chiang Ching, Gang of Four leader

## Trail of U.K. bankers cools in El Salvador

SAN SALVADOR, Dec. 3 (R) — El Salvador's security forces have set up roadblocks in the country's main highways in their hunt for two British bankers, kidnapped at gunpoint on Thursday.

Without any clues on the abductors' identity 48 hours after Ian Massie and Michael Chatterton were seized at gunpoint as they left the Bank of London and South America in Central San Salvador, police spent the weekend searching the country's main cities.

Massie, 46, manager of the Lloyd's Bank subsidiary's local branch, is a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, while Chatterton, 47, his assistant manager, comes from London.

Salvadoran authorities, bank officials and the two British executives' relatives said they expected Massie and Chatterton to escape harm be-

cause according to eyewitnesses, they had not offered resistance to their kidnappers.

Massie and Chatterton are the fifth and six foreign businessmen kidnapped so far this year in this Central American nation.

Their kidnapping came a week after the abduction of Fritz Schuitema, Dutch manager of the Philips Electrical Co. in El Salvador.

Two separate urban guerrilla groups have claimed Schuitema's kidnap and seek a one-million dollar ransom, among other demands.

In Holland Philips said it had appealed to newspapers in 32 countries to print a two-page political declaration by Schuitema's kidnappers saying it was one of the conditions set for his release.

## WORLD ROUNDUP

### Death report false in Paris blast

PARIS, Dec. 3 (AP) — Police had no explanation Sunday for why they reported that a woman had been killed in a bomb blast in a department store here Saturday.

The woman, although critically wounded, was not killed. Six others were injured.

Mrs. Georgette Ferret, 67, a temporary employee was critically injured in an explosion in department store here Saturday and underwent emergency surgery on her legs until late Saturday night. Police had earlier announced that Mrs. Ferret had died.

Two other persons were taken to hospital, and four others were treated for shock but not detained.

An anonymous telephone call to a French radio station claimed a group of Breton separatists were responsible, but police responded with skepticism.

### Six perish in Los Angeles blaze

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3 (R) — A fire in a three-story apartment building in central Los Angeles Saturday night killed six persons and injured 15.

### U.S. singer not charged in slaying

NASHVILLE, Tennessee, Dec. 3 (AP) — Singer Barry Sadler, who recorded the "Ballad of the Green Berets" in 1966, has shot dead a country-music songwriter, Lee Emerson Bellamy, in an apparent self-defense.

Police said no charges were filed against Sadler, 37, pending further investigation.

The shooting occurred in the parking lot of an apartment complex in west Nashville, where Sadler was visiting an unidentified woman.

"Ballad of the Green Berets" a song about the U.S. Special Forces, sold nine million singles and albums. Sadler is an ex-paratrooper and former Green Beret.

### 30 tourists said stranded in Moscow

MOSCOW, Dec. 3 (AP) — About 30 citizens of France and Sri Lanka have apparently been detained in a Moscow hotel after their Aeroflot charter flights were delayed at stops here for unexplained reasons.

French sources say passengers on flights last Sunday and Wednesday have been prevented from leaving a hotel because they do not have Soviet visas.

### Nicaragua skirmishes leave 11 dead

MANAGUA, Dec. 3 (AP) — Ten guerrillas and a Nicaraguan soldier have been killed in three separate incidents here over the past two days, officials said.

The incidents were connected to attempts by rebels to oust longtime President Anastasio Somoza.

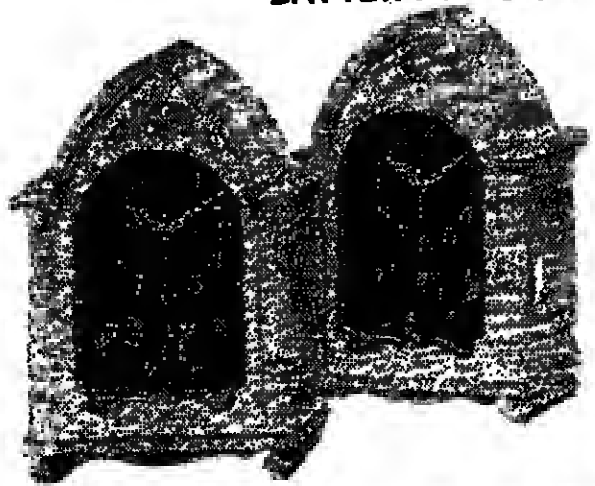
### Gunman kills two in Arkansas store

PINE BLUFF, Arkansas, Dec. 3 (AP) — A woman and her daughter were killed and two persons were wounded Saturday night when a man began firing a shotgun outside a local department store, police said.

No arrests had been made Saturday night. An intensive police manhunt was underway. The man was thought still in the Pine Bluff area.

# RHYTHM LUXURY CLOCK COLLECTION

BATTERY MUSICAL ALARM



AVAILABLE AT ALL GOOD SHOPS



SOLE AGENT

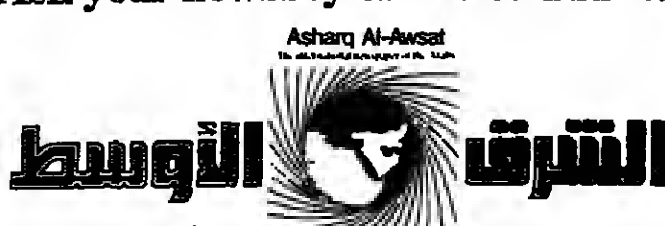
CABLE MAHFOOZKUM, JEDDAH P.O. BOX 2182  
TELEX 401585 SAMIC, TEL. 47792, 47943

# If money is news to you

read Asharq Al Awsat

—the international newspaper of the Arabs—published daily from London distributed worldwide—has a full page of international financial news in English every day.

Ask your newsboy or newsstand for



or get it home delivered.

Jeddah: P.O. Box 4556, Tel: 34962, 28768, 30213  
Riyadh: P.O. Box 478, Tel: 38272  
Alkhobar: P.O. Box 671, Tel: 42991  
Cairo: Tel: 818392  
Beirut: Tel: 547090  
London: Tel: 353-4413/4/5/6  
Geneva: P.O. Box 32-1211, Tel: 022-984221  
Amsterdam: Haarlem  
Houston, TX: Tel: (713) 961-0245  
Washington, D.C.: Tel: (202) 638-7183  
Tokyo: Tel: (045) 573-6816



SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

# arab news

SAUDI RESEARCH AND MARKETING COMPANY

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

Chairman & Director General: HISHAM A. HAFIZ  
Editor in Chief: MOHAMMAD A. HAFIZ  
Senior Editor: A.S. TADROS  
Asst. Senior Editor: SAUD A. HAFIZ  
Managing Editor: FAROUK LUOMAN  
Asst. Gen. Manager: ROBERT JURJEONIN

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4556  
TEL: 34982-26705-32218 CABLE: MARADNEWS  
TELEX: 401570 ARANEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAHJI BUILDING NO. 2, 4TH FLOOR,  
APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 38272-30480 TELEX: 201860, CABLE: ARANEWS  
TELEX: 201860 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: 3 PRINCE MOHAMMAD ST. NEAR JUFFALI  
SHOWROOM, ALKHOBAR, CABLE: ARANEWS P.O. BOX 671, TEL: 42281

MIDDLE EAST OFFICE: EGYPT: 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINET  
ALMOHAMEDISA, ADOUKI, CAIRO TEL: 81832

LEBANON: SANAYIN EL GHANEM BLDG., P.O. BOX 6886  
BEIRUT, LEBANON, TEL: 547090 TELEX: 20649

LONDON OFFICE: 87 GOUGH SQUARE, FLEET STREET,  
LONDON EC 4A 3D J TEL: 353-4413/45/8 TELEX: 88272 ARAB NEWS

EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOLAARD, GENEVA,  
SWITZERLAND, TEL: 217171 TELEX: 288006 SAHE, P.O. BOX 796 1211 GENEVA 3

THE NETHERLANDS: MIDDLE EAST MANAGEMENT B.V.,  
PRAAG PLANTSOEN 189, HAARLEM TEL: 020-34386 TELEX: 71193

U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1850  
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245  
TELEX: 730209 ARANEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 358 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 698-7183, TELEX: 440686 SAUDI U

JAPAN OFFICE: BASA 2.12.10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN,  
TEL: (045) 573-8816 TELEX J 47696 UNULQURA, CABLE: UNULQURA

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: \$1 350 ANNUAL POSTAGE INCLUDED  
INTERNATIONALS 150 ANNUAL POSTAGE INCLUDED  
Printed at Al-Bathaa Printing and Publishing Co., Jeddah.

## GULF UNITY

The Prime Minister of Kuwait, Sheikh Saad Al-Abdullah Al-Sabah, has made a significant statement to the press. He said Sunday that lack of economic coordination among the Arab states of the Gulf has led to a great dissipation of resources in the area.

Sheikh Saad is on a 19-day tour of the region, and we hope that he will carry this message along with him to the rest of the states on his itinerary. Equally important will be a positive response by his hosts to his call for a concrete policy of economic unity.

Sheikh Saad has made an impassioned plea for some kind of arrangement to halt the waste of Arab resources in the Gulf. As he put it himself, he has chosen to prolong his visit to Saudi Arabia so that this time he may reach a positive result rather than a "mere understanding" of what should be done. Arab economists and sincere laymen have been advocating some sort of economic council of the Gulf states to decide just what the region needs by way of industries. The idea was that if Kuwait had a sprawling cement plant, Qatar should go for something else.

The opposite has been happening. We have now more airports and ports in this small part of the world than we could possibly need for some time.

Perhaps Sheikh Saad's visit to other Gulf states will succeed in driving home the concept of economic unity among the rulers of the region. They already have a great deal in common. This has been said so often before that it has become a tired cliché. But it is a fact of life in this part of the world where, despite the common bonds and potentially common interests, the sovereign states in the region appear to go it alone with little or no regard for each other.

If some form of common economic interest is to emerge, then the issue ought to be taken at the highest level. Sheikh Saad would do well to take the opportunity of his tour to advocate a summit conference of all the Gulf rulers with the clearly stated objective of greater unity at all levels.

The Gulf region is too rich, too important and too vulnerable to be left in such a state of disunity.

## A QUESTION OF TIME

Should anyone still doubt Soviet intentions in the Middle East, a look at events along Bab al Mandeb straits this year would prove instructive.

Two lands that formerly functioned as states, with a semblance of national identity and economy, disappeared in 1978. They were replaced by creations of the Soviet Union.

It was in character for the Soviets to provide Mengistu Haile Mariam with defectors in the waning days of the Eritrean war. Reports filtering out from that defeated land speak of the vengeance of the Dergue unleashed, of terror, murder and wanton destruction. Not that the Soviets could be bothered with such "domestic affairs." Their interest in Eritrea has always been as narrow as the beachline of the Red Sea. If the rest of Eritrea disappears in a wasteland of despair, no one in the Kremlin is likely to lose any sleep.

A similar scorched earth policy seems to prevail on the other side of the Red Sea in the Soviet military camp that used to be known as the Hadramaut of the Yemen. One of the more perverse intrigues in the bloody history of Soviet tyranny was played out in the Yemen last summer. Judging by what little news filters out from Aden and the hinterland, it would seem that few Yemenis are willing to stay on in the service of Abdul Fattah Ismail. Instead, we hear of Cubans, Russians, East Germans and even a clutch of Mengistu's soldiers taking up residence.

No one imagines these Communists expatriates arriving with briefcases (aside from the occasional attaché holding a bomb). Communist acquaintance has brought Ethiopia and South Yemen bankruptcy. It is one thing for a revolutionary to sweep aside an old economic system in favor of a new one. Even Western politicians are tempted at times to follow that course of leadership. But in the case of Messers Mengistu and Ismail, what little economic structure existed has been obliterated to make way for the military adventurism of their Soviet patrons. That is not economics; it's nihilism.

The people of Eritrea and South Yemen, following the established practice of people subjected to Communism, have voted with their feet. As many as 300,000 Eritreans are now living in refugee camps of Sudan. Salem Rubaya Ali, who crossed Ismail by attempting to induce some economic sense into South Yemen and died for it, complained last year that over one million of his countrymen had fled abroad. The figure defies belief; the implication smacks of the truth.

The Kremlin may sleep well, but these refugees do not. There is a grief in the loss of a homeland that is profoundly felt in the Arab world. You can see it written eternally in the faces of Eritreans, of Yemenis, and, of course, Palestinians. Like the Palestinians, the peoples of the Straits of Bab al Mandeb may be numbed with despair for a time. But if Arab history follows suit, that numbness will transform itself into a firestorm of anger. Mengistu, Ismail and their Soviet agents are better off retreating to the Kremlin's walls in Moscow if they countenance a night's rest. It is only a question of time before the Arab people and land they have violated come back as nightmares.



"WHY MESS UP A GOOD SYSTEM?"

## Rhodesia's raids into Zambia

By David B. Ottaway

LUSAKA—Rhodesian raids last month deep into Zambia appear to have only temporarily diverted the attention of nationalist guerrillas based here from their primary objective of escalating the war inside Rhodesia.

There is little hard evidence that the new Rhodesian strategy of taking the war into Zambia in a big way has seriously crippled the guerrillas militarily or will prevent them from stepping up their efforts to topple the white-led biracial transitional government now ruling in Rhodesia. At best, it may have slightly delayed the expected rainy season offensive which normally gets under way in December.

But most indications are that the bombings, like those of Cambodia and North Vietnam by the Americans during the Vietnam war, are causing the guerrillas, and Zambians as well, to harden their attitude and stiffen their resolve to go for a total military victory.

Predictably, spokesmen for the Zimbabwe African Peoples Union (ZAPU), which has its headquarters here, say the raids have spurred guerrilla determination to strike back harder than ever before inside Rhodesia for their humiliation and losses here at the hands of Rhodesian bombers and jets.

The Rhodesian attacks of late October and early November on ZAPU camps deep inside Zambia are reported to have resulted in the deaths of about 1,000 nationalists, but probably less than half of this number were battle-ready guerrillas. Another 700 to 800 were wounded.

Unconfirmed reports reaching the capital say the Rhodesians are still operating in small groups along the border inside Zambia.

Despite the bombing of half a dozen guerrilla camps and supply centers, it does not seem the Rhodesians succeeded in destroying any significant amount of arms or ammunition, just food, clothing, some vehicles and radio equipment. They did, however, cripple the guerrillas' communication system and gave them a host of new problems to worry about, including the defense of their own camps.

Probably the single most serious consequence of the raids, whether intended or not, has been to destabilize further the government of President Kenneth Kaunda, which is already in deep economic and financial trouble. They showed just how vulnerable and defenseless Zambia is and created new pressures from the army and guerrillas on the African leader who has shown the most restraint and willingness to talk directly to Rhodesia Prime Minister Ian Smith.

During and immediately after the attacks, the guerrillas went out of control to the point of challenging the Zambian government's authority. ZAPU guerrillas did take law and order into their own hands around their camps, arresting and interrogating white farmers, and then began shooting at low-flying planes.

Western observers here believe the Rhodesians had multiple objectives in mind in taking their attacks right to ZAPU camps on the outskirts of Lusaka. First it is assumed

they sought to upset the traditional rainy season offensive by ZAPU guerrillas, who were expected to infiltrate large numbers of new trainees across the Zambezi River into Rhodesia.

Second, it is believed the Rhodesians hoped to pressure both ZAPU leader Joshua Nkomo and Kaunda into accepting to negotiate with the transitional government for some kind of settlement of the war on terms less than total Rhodesian surrender.

In any case, the raids seemed partly aimed at bolstering the ever-weakening Rhodesian negotiating position for any future talks with the guerrillas.

Third, it is widely believed here the Rhodesians hoped to drive a wedge between ZAPU and the Zambian government and to convince Kaunda to crack down on nationalist activities here.

It does not appear they have achieved any of these objectives.

If the Rhodesian raids into Mozambique over the past two years are any example, then it is unlikely these here will appreciably slow down the guerrilla war. Despite the death of over 2,000 guerrillas and refugees there, the Zimbabwe African National Union (ZANU), the other nationalist force, has steadily increased in size and the area under its control inside Rhodesia.

Nor is there any sign the Rhodesian attacks have "softened" Kaunda's attitude toward negotiations or convinced him to pressure Nkomo into reaching a compromise with the transitional government of Rhodesia.—(WP)

## Palestine occupation attacked

By Bob Lebling

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — An American lawyers association has issued a controversial report attacking Israel for human rights violations in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The 143-page report, released by the National Lawyers Guild, charges the Israeli government with employing "repressive measures to drive Palestinians out of the West Bank and Gaza with the aim of incorporating those territories into Israel."

The document, based on a three-week investigative mission by the Guild's Middle East delegation in 1977, was presented this week to the U.S. State Department — which itself criticized Israel for human rights violations in a report issued last February.

The Lawyers Guild report found Israel "in substantial violation of the 1949 Geneva Convention" governing treatment of a population under military occupation.

The document cited violations of 20 separate articles of the Geneva Convention, and said "many of Israel's illegal practices are sanctioned by Israeli law."

Among the violations noted were:

- establishment of Israeli settlements in the occupied territories;
- expulsion of Palestinians from these territories;
- demolition of Palestinian homes.

— detention without charge;  
— restriction of Palestinian economy; and  
— torture of detainees.

The report is the first general criticism of Israeli human rights violations to be issued by a major American legal organization.

The National Lawyers Guild, a 6,000-member organization of legal professionals, paraprofessionals and law students, was founded in 1937 and describes itself as "a frequent critic of repressive governmental practices in this country and abroad."

The Guild supported the establishment of Israel in 1948.

Its report on the occupied territories — approved last August after a year of debate and discussion — concludes that the Palestinians' right to self-determination is "the central issue in the Middle East."

It calls on Israel "to withdraw from the West Bank and Gaza so that an independent Palestinian state can be established there."

The report, released at a news conference here Nov. 28, has been the target of severe criticism from pro-Israeli groups — even before the document was made available to the media.

The American Jewish Congress has produced a legal panel of its own to challenge the report and has charged that the National Lawyers Guild has been "manipulated to serve the political objectives

of the Palestine Liberation Organization."

At a press conference staged to counter that of the Guild, the Jewish organization distributed copies of a "minority report" by Howard Dickstein, the only person on the Guild's 10-member Middle East panel to disagree with the conclusions of the majority report.

Dickstein's paper, which defends Israel's treatment of the Palestinians, was rejected by an almost unanimous vote of the Guild's executive board, but the dissenters decided to publish it privately, with the aid of funds from pro-Israel organizations.

Guild spokesmen went to great pains at the Nov. 28 news conference to explain to journalists that there was in fact no minority report produced by their organization, and that Dickstein's effort was a purely personal endeavor.

Pro-Israeli supporters — some of them reporters for American Jewish news organizations — tried to disrupt the Guild's press conference by shouting down other questioners.

Answering questions about the report were three Guild lawyers — District of Columbia attorneys William Montross and William Shaap, and Detroit attorney Abdeen Jabara — and Israeli lawyer Lea Teitel, who has defended hundreds of Palestinians in the Israeli military courts in the occupied territories.

## De-Nazification again

By James Fenton

WEST BERLIN —

Next year, the Federal Republic of Germany must choose a new president, and already the vicious circles of Berlin have devised a new method of selection. Why not restrict the list of candidates, they say, to former members of the Nazi Party? The job would then be given to the man with the lowest party number.

The way it looks at the moment, this is roughly the method that will be used. The Social Democrats and Free Democrats would like nothing better than the continuing in office of President Walter Scheel. Scheel joined the Nazi Party in 1942, whether automatically or on his own application he cannot now remember.

Scheel's party number must therefore be higher than that of Karl Carstens, the candidate of the two rightwing parties. Carstens applied to join the Nazi Party in 1937 but was not accepted until three years later.

Does the past matter? In recent weeks a large number of politicians, including Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and ex-Chancellor Willy Brandt have spoken out against the use of such material against politicians. The slogan is, "Let us have no second de-Nazification trials."

Carstens himself underwent a de-Nazification process in 1948, and was declared to have conducted "active resistance" to the full extent of his powers.

Thus his period of two years in the Nazi Party is seen as unfortunate, but necessary if he was to pursue his studies in law. And thus his membership in the Nazi Party is viewed as unfortunate, but necessary if he was to become an officer. At all events, this was a long time ago, and Carstens has shown

himself to be a Democrat ever since.

Might it not be offensive, not abroad but in West Germany itself, to choose a man like Carstens for the highest, albeit no, the most powerful, office of state?

This is indeed the way the story of Carstens past came to light. The painter Heinz Trokes wrote a letter to a Berlin newspaper expressing his astonishment that the Christian Democrats (CDU) and Christian Social Union (CSU) could find no other candidate for the job than Carstens, whom Trokes remembered as an officer and party member in Berlin during the latter part of the war. The letter was shown, for journalistic and legal reasons, to Carstens' office and his refusal to comment was printed underneath.

Quite by accident, a journalist on a Hamburg newspaper came across the press-cutting and made his own enquiries. A couple of months later Trokes' allegation was confirmed.

It was in the wake of this revelation that a former Free Democrat, now a CDU politician, revealed that President Scheel had also been in the Nazi Party.

Now there were Nazis and Nazis. There were at one point, after all, over 10 million members of the party, not all of whom could have been the blackest of villains. For those who were forced to join the Hitler Youth after 1937, transition to the Nazi Party was often automatic, and it required some bravery to get out of it.

Scheel falls into this group. But it does seem very odd that he cannot now remember whether he applied to join or whether he was merely informed. Most people accept that his membership was without significance.

Carstens, however, is a different kettle of fish. He did not have to join the Hitler Youth. His joining the SA (the party's political militia) was a result of his ambition, at the beginning of the Third Reich, to become a lawyer. His application to join the Nazi Party was made at a time when anybody could see what the Nazis were about.

And then there is a detail mentioned by Trokes, and repeated in one of Germany's most respected papers, the "Süddeutsche Zeitung." On his officer's uniform, says Trokes, Carstens used to wear the "bonbon," the gold pin of the Nazi Party.

Theoretically, but not in fact, members of the armed forces were supposed to leave the party. The ethos of the military was quite distinct from that of the Nazis — a problem from which Hitler continually suffered.

In the navy it would be absolutely unheard of for an officer to wear his party badge. In the army it was highly unusual.

To see why a citizen might object to Carstens becoming president, it is only necessary to compare the careers of Carstens and Trokes at the time when their paths crossed. Trokes had been painting in a style which the Nazis forbade. His art had been exhibited as degenerate and was confiscated by the Gestapo. He had emigrated to Switzerland and had been planning to move to Indonesia when the war broke out. He discovered that if he took a boat to Indonesia he would be interned in Singapore by the British.

At the same time the Nazis began threatening his father in order to force the son to return. He returned and managed to stay out of the army for the first year of the war by moving continually around the country. Finally, he was caught and jailed up.—(G)

## saudi press review

Most papers continued to discuss the visit of the Kuwaiti premier to Saudi Arabia and his tour of other Gulf states. They were unanimous in that the tour is important not only in consolidating Saudi-Kuwaiti relations and those of all Gulf states, but also to promote the good and wellbeing of the Arabs in general. "Al-Medina" said the two countries "have pioneered efforts aimed at establishing a total Gulf unity based on firm grounds." Another aspect of the visit, according to the paper, "is Saudi-Kuwaiti efforts to back up the resolutions of the recent Baghdad summit conference to which both countries made positive contributions. These were concerned with preserving Arab unity and promoting the continuation of a constructive dialogue," the paper added.

Commenting on the opening of the Saudi British Bank "Al-Bilad" said "it is important that the state should supervise the financial sector and this seems to be the case with the Saudization of banks operating here."

The paper lauded the decision of the government to Sandize foreign banks in the interests of the country and said that more steps toward close cooperation between the state and the private sector are needed within the framework laid down

by the state for the orderly development of the country. "The opening of the Saudi British Bank reflects the ability of Saudis to invest wisely and to strengthen their role in rebuilding the country by participating with foreign capital."

"Al-Bilad" discussed the current Arab-African dialogue committee meeting being held in Kuwait to review progress since its formation in 1974.

"The dialogue is important in view of events in both regions during the past few years and calls for greater solidarity between the Arab world and Africa."

"With the Big Powers scrambling for influence and friends again, Africa is witnessing exercises in the game of polarization. This is also true though to a lesser extent in the Middle East. While this poses a threat to Africa, its future stability and security, it is also of deep concern to the Arabs since several of the recent developments in Africa directly affect the Arab world. This is particularly the case in the Horn of Africa where international Communism has thrown in its considerable weight to change the status quo and upset the balance of power. This is borne out by the recent declaration by Mengistu Haile Mariam that Ethiopia's military successes—meaning those against the Eritreans—are

a victory for communism in Africa.

"In view of this, the Arab-African dialogue should not be considered a temporary arrangement to achieve some economic ends. It should assume a more strategic character which calls for the consolidation of political cooperation to preserve common interests. These two groups can, in close cooperation, exercise considerable influence in the politics of the region and achieve the same level of success as in their economic cooperation. There are at present over 30 joint projects with a total value of \$1.8 billion in industry, energy and agriculture toward which the Arabs have contributed \$434.6 million. Such economic cooperation is likely to open new avenues for political coordination which should be considered by the current meeting in Kuwait to which we all look with profound interest and high hopes."

"Al-Riyadh" lamented the closure of the "Times" and the "Sunday Times" of London and said that the suspension, which it hoped would be temporary, would cause disruption.

The writer blamed the intransigence of trade unions for the closure but expressed the hope that the "Times" will return "in an atmosphere of true democratic journalism" that reduces the hegemony of the unions and "their crimes."



## The cradle of gold



An old mine shaft at Mahd Al Dhahab

By Clare Kent  
MAHD AL DHAHAB — "We're all Cornishmen here," said one of the miners as he showed us the way. Somehow it seemed fitting that men from a part of England steeped in legend should be working in Mahd Al Dhahab (the cradle of gold), which is reputedly the mine worked by the slaves of King Solomon some 3,000 years ago.

Not that Mahd Al Dhahab is in the slightest bit romantic. Apart from its historic associations, and of course the fact that gold was and is to be found here, not much stirs the imagination.

The setting is desert, some 300 kilometers north of Taif. There is a rocky hill with old mining buildings left behind by American miners 25 years ago. Nearby sits a small village of corrugated iron huts. Piles of stone and rubble lie strewn between the old iron structures. Donkeys wander to and fro in front of a huge and noisy generator — power for today's Cornish miners.

It is a depressing and ugly sight — as most mines are — but there is gold here.

Consolidated Goldfields, the Cornish firm now working the

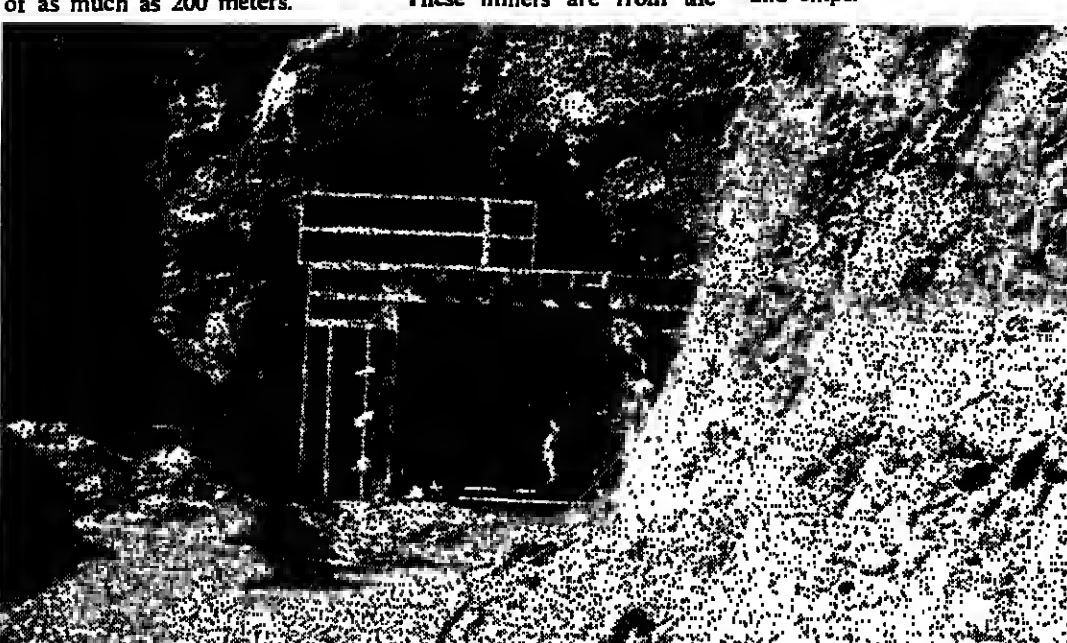
site, estimates a minimum of 31 tons of gold can still be had from Mahd Al Dhahab. Extraction is difficult, for most of the readily-mined ore disappeared long ago. The hill has witnessed at least three generations of mining enterprises, with Goldfields coming in for a fourth try (see this week's "Saudi Business").

Whether it was the minions of Solomon or some other ancient ruler, the area was indeed mined some 3,000 years ago. The shafts and great gulches cut into the rock by thousands of slaves can still be seen, many of them very deep in the hill. Most of the easy gold was removed in that generation.

About 1,000 years ago, a great deal more gold was taken out of the mine by Arabs at a time when the Arab empire was at its Zenith.

In the early days of Mahd Al Dhahab, mining was a slow and laborious business. Many basalt grindstones can still be found on the site, telling the tale of many men grinding away at the ore to reduce it to dust so that the gold could be separated out through a washing process. The washing was probably done at a nearby

wadi, long since dried up. Many men must have died hacking away at the rock, going deeper and deeper underground without any of the modern aids and safety precautions found at the mine today. Between 1939 and 1954, an American syndicate extracted 750,000 ounces of fine gold and more than a million ounces of silver, reaching depths of as much as 200 meters.



Consolidated Goldfields' new mine shaft

Consolidated was awarded an exploration license by the Ministry of Petroleum and Mineral Resources in 1976. Jack Simons, the mine's current manager, greeted us and showed us around. Everywhere we had friendly waves from men in shorts and hard hats, burnt dark brown by the sun. There are very few visitors out here.

These miners are from the

tin mines of Cornwall. They work 12 hours a day, seven days a week for a four-month stretch, Simons explained. Three times a year they are flown home for a two-week holiday. Occasionally there is a weekend in Jeddah. The men live in a huddled camp a few kilometers from the mine, where an English cook, on this visit, was making fish and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,

where an English cook, on

this visit, was making fish

and chips.

tin mines of Cornwall. They

work 12 hours a day, seven

days a week for a four-month

stretch, Simons explained.

Three times a year they are

flown home for a two-week

holiday. Occasionally there is

a weekend in Jeddah. The men

live in a huddled camp a few

kilometers from the mine,



# Lawyer-strategist Cyrus Vance speaks for the U.S.

By Oswald Johnson  
WASHINGTON—Some of the brightest minds in the world are now in the State Department. One of them is Cyrus Vance, who has been in the State Department since 1975. He is a lawyer, a strategist, and a man of great intellect.

But more in the upper echelons of the Carter administration's foreign policy establishment has never been higher. The rising period is over, the Department officials believe, and things are going to work out after all. The Secretary of State is now indisputably the man who speaks for the United States in its dealings with the rest of the world.

Vance himself, whose public career has been a series of the art of making unbalanced averages pay off in personal influence, is openly confident. "Things are working out after all," he said in an interview. "We have had time to shake down. A smooth sea of working relationships has evolved. There's a more time to think about long-range objectives."

Vance's desk, a modest-sized mahogany writing table set near a window at the corner of his office, is far from the intimidating symbol of bureaucratic power behind which many officials entrench themselves. It is a working desk, strewn with papers, a telephone console and an adjustable architect's lamp.

The office itself, though large and furnished with specimens from the State Department's extensive collection of American and English antiquities, has a comfortable feel. A visitor sits in an upholstered yellow wing chair facing the window and its view of the Potomac and Lincoln Memorial.

His working relationship with President Carter has never been better, Vance says. The big foreign policy issues that faced the Carter administration after election day two years ago appear to be already solved. The Panama Canal, the Turkish arms embargo, the Arab-Israeli conflict, a strategic arms treaty with the Russians, soon it will be time for a new set of priorities.

As Vance talks, there are no surprises, no unexpected policy reversals. Rather, there are the confident ruminations of an experienced corporate lawyer who has patiently and, at length successfully, worked through a dense legal problem on behalf of a powerful client.

Vance, 61, is the sole exemplar in the present administration of a once-dominant Washington type: the Eastern establishment who once ran U.S. foreign policy from back-rooms in Wall St., the corporate boardroom and the Council on Foreign Relations.

Despite an impeccable East Coast schooling at Kent, a New England prep school, and Yale, class of '55, Vance has retained in his speech a trace of Charleston, West Virginia, the small town where he was born and spent his childhood.

His dress is quiet, deep, a long unadorned silhouette. "I've been in the State Department for 10 years," he says. "I've been in the State Department for 10 years." "I've been in the State Department for 10 years." "I've been in the State Department for 10 years."

Vance's first foray into public life came as a protégé of Lyndon Johnson in the early 1960s. He was deputy to Defense Secretary Robert McNamara during much of the expansion of the U.S. role in Vietnam. His combative style, however, has spared him any criticism for that role. He is most remembered as Johnson's troubleshooter in Cyprus during the 1967 crisis there.

During the Nixon-Ford interregnum in Democratic administration, Vance returned to his law practice in New York, kept up his contacts in the foreign-policy establishment and by mid-1975 appeared at the top of every candidate's list of considerations for the next Secretary of State.

Things were not always as serene for Vance. Barely five months ago, events bordering on panic at times pervaded the administration's foreign-policy establishment. Soviet power was seen to be threatening in Africa, relations between Washington and Moscow were hardening, and the White House seemed to be inching on the brink of a return to the Cold War.

In that period, when the administration spoke out, it was in different voices, and Vance's was so subdued that it was often drowned out. The overriding voice was that of the National Security Adviser, Zbigniew Brzezinski, who late in May brought the situation to the point of crisis by declaring in a television interview that Soviet troops in Africa violated the code of decency and should be met with a coordinated Western response.

"That was the turning point," an official retails privately. The discord in the administration's foreign-policy apparatus appeared so obvious that Carter made a unilateral decision for civility and one voice only would speak for this government, and that voice would be that of Vance, the official said.

For the duration of that, however, there had been a test: a tangible proof that the partnership of Carter and Vance would work. A summer during which a summit was restored to the U.S.-Soviet relationship, but during which policy initiatives and almost every other area seemed to be in a state of amnesia, the chance for such a test came at Camp David.

There were 13 days of intense negotiations, almost completely removed from day-to-day politics and shielded from public view.

"At Camp David, the president for the first time got into that process on a daily basis," recalled an official who watched the Vance-Carter relationship develop.

In effect, they were only doing what lawyers do all the time: a lot of detail work, drafting, close negotiating away from the public eye. The relationship was strengthened by the fact of their having gone through a problem-solving exercise together.

"Vance found it enlightening," the official continued. "Working on a negotiation like that day after day, it's felt out in his element, exercising his strength, engaged in the process in which he excels. The president-secretary of state relationship hadn't been tested in quite that way before."

The relationship has continued. It is said that the president is an adroit leader, difficult to approach with new ideas and receptive only to written memos. But Vance has direct and frequent telephone access to the president's office. He talks to Carter daily, sometimes several times a day.

Ever since Camp David, those conversations more often than not have been lengthy, despite Carter's reputation for crispness and Vance's own dislike of wordiness.

"They get on a secure phone and talk about the smelter details of the Egyptian treaty," an insider said. "The president has his own set of maps and treaty texts and annexes in front of him, and Vance has his, and they go down to questions of wording and so forth."

Vance's assessment of Camp David is that it showed the president that Vance's role of diplomacy with the United States, thorough lawyerly approach to a negotiation, is the one sure way to get results.

"It was excellent to have the president immediately and deeply involved in the negotiating process," Vance recalled in the interview. "It worked extremely well."

Characteristically, Vance is a quiet, reserved man of few words and little self-promotion. "Vance's trademark," he said, "Our preparation for Camp David was thorough. The staff work was thorough. We all did our homework before it started; we showed up knowing what we were doing. The objectives were clear and they were met."

At the time, Vance was in the State Department, and he was a lawyer. He was a lawyer, and he was a strategist. He was a lawyer, and he was a strategist. He was a lawyer, and he was a strategist.

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

the NSC is one that could, in a different political climate, tip the balance away from the State Department and back toward Brzezinski and the Pentagon.

That almost happened last spring, but it is unclear how much of that was during that period of uncertainty, an insider recalled. When he left things were going for him, he said, as he left himself as the White House. And he won. There was never any sign that he thought he would go under. He said, "Don't judge us on the day-to-day ups and downs. Judge us on the long-range results."

In short, the balance that now characterizes the administration's foreign-policy apparatus is fundamentally a matter of personal relationship, a matter of the intermeshing of Vance's way of doing things with Carter's. When things work that is fine for Vance and his supporters at the State Department. But there is al-

ways a dynamic in such relationships. One observer of Washington power relationship, from inside and outside the bureaucracy, offered this formulation: "Vance right now has considerable personal influence to offset the basic institutional influence of the NSC. That's the way he works. He seeks influence by seeming not to seek it. He does his job. He's no politician. He doesn't bribe or reward."

Characteristically, Vance refuses to discuss bureaucratic power struggles or personal politics, just as he forbids his aides to talk about such things in public.

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other. One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

ways a dynamic in such relationships.

One observer of Washington power relationship, from inside and outside the bureaucracy, offered this formulation:

"Vance right now has considerable personal influence to offset the basic institutional influence of the NSC. That's the way he works. He seeks influence by seeming not to seek it. He does his job. He's no politician. He doesn't bribe or reward."

Characteristically, Vance refuses to discuss bureaucratic power struggles or personal politics, just as he forbids his aides to talk about such things in public.

But he is plainly aware that there are ebbs and flows of influence in this administration as in any other.

One recent morning in Vance's office, the subject of the current crisis in Iran arose in conversation. Vance, noting this policy of delegating authority to his subordinates,

said he had set up a working group in the State Department to coordinate the information coming in from Iran.

"The Washington Post" that morning had carried a column based on information apparently leaked from a source friendly to Brzezinski. It said Brzezinski had chaired a crisis meeting at the White House on Iran at which the views of State Department human-rights advocates were sharply overruled in favor of a tough policy in support of the Shah, which Brzezinski telephoned to Tehran the next day.

Vance, who had been in New York negotiating with Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin the day of the reported meeting and who had, the following day, issued a firm press conference statement in support of the Shah, leaned forward slightly in his chair. He noted, without alluding either to Brzezinski or to the column, that there had been several White House meetings on Iran. "Most of which I chaired," he added quietly.—(LAT)



U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance

## NOW you can fly Gulf Air to Bangkok and Hong Kong.



Every Monday and Thursday evening from the Gulf.

When you step aboard a Gulf Air TriStar your Far East holiday begins. Gulf Air's renowned hospitality, superb cuisine and attentive in-flight service make flying with us a new experience in luxury travel.

Our extra comfortable TriStars leave Bahrain twice weekly for Bangkok and Hong Kong.

Same day connections from Dhahran, Jeddah, Kuwait, and other main Gulf points. Call your travel agent for details or any Gulf Air sales office. When you fly Gulf Air your flight is part of your holiday.

Part of a new world.

Bahrain: Gulf Air, Tel. 222224, 222225, 222226, 222227, 222228, 222229, 222230, 222231, 222232, 222233, 222234, 222235, 222236, 222237, 222238, 222239, 222240, 222241, 222242, 222243, 222244, 222245, 222246, 222247, 222248, 222249, 222250, 222251, 222252, 222253, 222254, 222255, 222256, 222257, 222258, 222259, 222260, 222261, 222262, 222263, 222264, 222265, 222266, 222267, 222268, 222269, 222270, 222271, 222272, 222273, 222274, 222275, 222276, 222277, 222278, 222279, 222280, 222281, 222282, 222283, 222284, 222285, 222286, 222287, 222288, 222289, 222290, 222291, 222292, 222293, 222294, 222295, 222296, 222297, 222298, 222299, 222300, 222301, 222302, 222303, 222304, 222305, 222306, 222307, 222308, 222309, 222310, 222311, 222312, 222313, 222314, 222315, 222316, 222317, 222318, 222319, 222320, 222321, 222322, 222323, 222324, 222325, 222326, 222327, 222328, 222329, 222330, 222331, 222332, 222333, 222334, 222335, 222336, 222337, 222338, 222339, 222340, 222341, 222342, 222343, 222344, 222345, 222346, 222347, 222348, 222349, 222350, 222351, 222352, 222353, 222354, 222355, 222356, 222357, 222358, 222359, 222360, 222361, 222362, 222363, 222364, 222365, 222366, 222367, 222368, 222369, 222370, 222371, 222372, 222373, 222374, 222375, 222376, 222377, 222378, 222379, 222380, 222381, 222382, 222383, 222384, 222385, 222386, 222387, 222388, 222389, 222390, 222391, 222392, 222393, 222394, 222395, 222396, 222397, 222398, 222399, 222400, 222401, 222402, 222403, 222404, 222405, 222406, 222407, 222408, 222409, 222410, 222411, 222412, 222413, 222414, 222415, 222416, 222417, 222418, 222419, 222420, 222421, 222422, 222423, 222424, 222425, 222426, 222427, 222428, 222429, 222430, 222431, 222432, 222433, 222434, 222435, 222436, 222437, 222438, 222439, 222440, 222441, 222442, 222443, 222444, 222445, 222446, 222447, 222448, 222449, 222450, 222451, 222452, 222453, 222454, 222455, 222456, 222457, 222458, 222459, 222460, 222461, 222462, 222463, 222464, 222465, 222466, 222467, 222468, 222469, 222470, 222471, 222472, 222473, 222474, 222475, 222476, 222477, 222478, 222479, 222480, 222481, 222482, 222483, 222484, 222485, 222486, 222487, 222488, 222489, 222490, 222491, 222492, 222493, 222494, 222495, 222496, 222497, 222498, 222499, 222500, 222501, 222502, 222503, 222504, 222505, 222506, 222507, 222508, 222509, 222510, 222511, 222512, 222513, 222514, 222515, 222516, 222517, 222518, 222519, 222520, 222521, 222522, 222523, 222524, 222525, 222526, 222527, 222528, 222529, 222530, 222531, 222532, 222533, 222534, 222535, 222536, 222537, 222538, 222539, 222540, 222541, 222542, 222543, 222544, 222545, 222546, 222547, 222548, 222549, 222550, 222551, 222552, 222553, 222554, 222555, 222556, 222557, 222558, 222559, 222560, 222561, 222562, 222563, 222564, 222565, 222566, 222567, 222568, 222569, 222570, 222571, 222572, 222573, 222574, 222575, 222576, 222577, 222578, 222579, 222580, 222581, 222582, 222583, 222584, 222585, 222586, 222587, 222588, 222589, 222590, 222591, 222592, 222593, 222594, 222595, 222596, 222597, 222598, 222599, 222600, 222601, 222602, 222603, 222604, 222605, 222606, 222607, 222608, 222609, 222610, 222611, 222612, 222613, 222614, 222615, 222616, 222617, 222618, 222619, 222620, 222621, 222622, 222623, 222624, 222625, 222626, 222627, 222628, 222629, 222630, 222631, 222632, 222633, 222634, 222635, 222636, 222637, 222638, 222639, 222640, 222641, 222642, 222643, 222644, 222645, 222646, 222647, 222648, 222649, 222650, 222651, 222652, 222653, 222654, 222655, 222656, 222657, 222658, 222659, 222660, 222661, 222662, 222663, 222664, 222665, 222666, 222667, 222668, 222669, 222670, 222671, 222672, 222673, 222674, 222675, 222676, 222677, 222678, 222679, 222680, 222681, 222682, 222683, 222684, 222685, 222686, 222687, 222688, 222689, 222690, 222691, 222692, 222693, 222694, 222695, 222696, 222697, 222698, 222699, 222700, 222701, 222702, 222703, 222704, 222705, 222706, 222707, 222708, 222709, 222710, 222711, 222712, 222713, 222714, 222715, 222716, 222717, 222718, 222719, 222720, 222721, 222722, 222723, 222724, 222725, 222726, 222727, 222728, 222729, 222730, 222731, 222732, 222733, 222734, 222735, 222736, 222737, 222738, 222739, 222740, 222741, 222742, 222743, 222744, 222745, 222746, 222747, 222748, 222749, 222750, 222751, 222752, 222753, 222754, 222755, 222756, 222757, 222758, 222759, 222760, 222761, 222762, 222763, 222764, 222765, 222766, 222767, 222768, 222769, 222770, 222771, 222772, 222773, 222774, 222775, 222776, 222777, 222778, 222779, 222780, 222781, 222782, 222783, 222784, 222785, 222786, 222787, 222788, 222789, 222790, 222791, 222792, 222793, 222794, 222795, 222796, 222797, 222798, 222799, 222800, 222801, 222802, 222803, 222804, 222805, 222806, 222807, 222808, 222809, 222810, 222811, 222812, 222813, 222814, 222815, 222816, 222817, 222818, 222819, 222820, 222821, 222822, 222823, 222824, 222825, 222826, 222827, 222828, 222829, 222830, 222831, 222832, 222833, 222834, 222835, 222836, 222837, 222838, 222839, 222840, 222841, 222842, 222843, 222844, 222845, 222846, 222847, 222848, 222849, 222850, 222851, 222852, 222853, 222854, 222855, 222856, 222857, 222858, 222859, 222860, 222861, 222862, 222863, 222864, 222865, 222866, 222867, 222868, 222869, 222870, 222871, 222872, 222873, 222874, 222875, 222876, 222877, 222878, 222879, 222880, 222881, 222882, 222883, 222884, 222885, 222886, 222887, 222888, 222889, 222890, 222891, 222892, 222893, 222894, 222895, 222896, 222897, 222898, 222899, 222900, 222901, 222902, 222903, 222904, 222905, 222906, 222907, 222908, 222909, 222910, 222911, 222912, 222913, 222914, 222915, 222916, 222917, 222918, 222919, 222920, 222921, 222922, 222923, 222924, 222925, 222926, 222927, 222928, 222929, 222930, 222931, 222932, 222933, 222934, 222935, 222936, 222937, 222938, 222939, 222940, 222941, 222942, 222943, 222944, 222945, 222946, 222947, 222948, 222949, 222950, 222951, 222952, 222953, 222954, 222955, 222956, 222957, 222958, 222959, 222960, 222961, 222962, 222963, 222964, 222965, 222966, 222967, 222968, 222969, 222970, 222971, 222972, 222973, 222974, 222975, 222976, 222977, 222978, 222979, 222980, 222981, 222982, 222983, 222984, 222985, 222986, 222987, 222988, 222989, 222990, 222991, 222992, 222993, 222994, 222995, 222996, 222997, 222998, 222999, 223000, 223001, 223002



## U.S. pair cuts down Australians in tense Federation Cup final

MELBOURNE, Australia, Dec. 3 (AP) — The United States became the first country to win the Federation Cup in three successive years, coming from behind to beat Australia in a tense final at Kooyong Sunday.

Billie Jean King and Chris Evert clinched the Cup when they outlasted Australians Kerry Reid and Wendy Turnbull 4-6, 6-1, 6-4 in a 104-minute, center court struggle for the deciding doubles match.

In what was probably her last Kooyong appearance, King hammered a service wide to Reid's forehead. The lunging Australian could barely get her racquet to the thunderbolt and the ball ricocheted out for the final winner.

Spurred  
The Australians, spurred on by a vocal crowd of 9,000, looked set for an upset when they broke Evert's serve in the seventh game and held on to grab the opening set, 6-4.

But the American pair fought back strongly and twice broke Reid's service to win the second set 6-1 in only 23 minutes.

Several times in the deciding set the umpire had to appeal to the crowd for silence as the four players hammered volleys and fought magnificent baseline battles.

Reid and Turnbull grabbed an early lead when King dropped serve for the only time in the match in the second game. Trailing 2-0, Evert and King were within a point of going 3-0 down on Reid's Service.

Masterful  
But the veteran King put up a masterful lob which landed

just inside the baseline and that turned the match the Americans' way.

Reid lost her serve again in the seventh game, when she twice misjudged returns from King, which she let pass only to watch in despair as they dropped into court.

Earlier Reid had given Australia a 1-0 lead by defeating 15-year-old Tracy Austin, 6-3, 6-3, in the opening match. Then Evert, confirmed as the world's number one player earlier in the week, battled back after dropping the opening set to beat Turnbull 3-6, 6-1, 6-1.

Held over  
Australia had to wait until this morning to ensure its spot in the final, because the semi-final with the Soviet Union was held over from Saturday with the score 1-1.

Sunday Reid and Turnbull had an easy 6-4 6-2 victory over Olga Morozova and Natalya Chymreva in the deciding doubles match.

The American victory was its seventh in 16 Federation Cups, equalling the Australian total.

Atoned

It also atoned somewhat for the Americans' 4-3 defeat by Britain in the annual Wightman Cup competition in London last month. The United States got into the final Saturday by whitewashing Britain 3-0 in the semifinals.

"When we came here we knew that all had to work our backsides off if we were to win," King said "we were concerned with our loss in the Wightman Cup and we knew we had to pull together and give it all we had. And that's exactly what we did."

## Playing the China game

By Jay Matthews

CANTON, Dec. 3: — Despite what you may have read, China's first gala international tennis tournament, for the coveted Canton Cup, did not quite come up to expectations.

Tennis-happy foreign businessmen at the Canton Trade Fair, a semi-annual meeting of Western frenzy and Chinese reserve, had discovered little-used dirt courts on Shamien Island a few days ago. John Parke Wright, an energetic American China expert working for the Hong Kong firm, Jardines, decided the post-Mao relaxation had gone far enough to permit a full scale tournament.

There were preliminary conversations with Chinese officials. Wright bought a handsome cup. Wilson Sporting Goods, a Jardines client, supplied brand new rackets. A news story in Hong Kong's "South China Morning Post" proclaimed: "The Kwangchow international tournament for the Canton Cup will feature a number of leading Chinese players competing against an overseas team which will include British, American, French, Hong Kong, Italian and German players."

But when the city fathers of Canton saw the newspaper headline: "China to stage international tennis tourney," they began to backpedal like Jimmy Connors chasing a Bjorn Borg lob. By tournament time, the only people on hand with sweatbands in place were foreigners. A few Chinese just stood and watched.

"I think we oversold it a bit," said Wright. (WP)

## Canadian pair slumps

## Americans take 3-shot lead in Hawaii

PRINCEVILLE, Hawaii, Dec. 3 (AP) — After starting the windy day's play seven strokes off the pace, Americans John Mahaffey and Andy North each shot a 69 and propelled the United States to a 3-shot lead over Canada in Saturday's third round of the World Cup Golf tournament.

"It's about time," said Mahaffey, the American PGA champion who also moved into the individual lead by a single stroke.

"I just knew we'd play a good round one of these days. We've been playing too well

not to have something like this happen."

The Americans had a team total of 423, nine strokes under par on the 6,940-yard Maikai Course that was swept by brisk trade winds throughout the mild, sunny day.

The Canadians, Dan Hall-dorson and Dave Barr, held a seven-shot advantage through 36 holes but slipped badly and now trail by three going into Sunday's final round of this 48-country tournament.

## U.S. challenger destroys light-heavy champ in 10

MARSALA, Sicily, Dec. 3 (R) — Marvin Johnson of the United States battered Yugoslav bolder Mate Parlov into submission after less than 10 rounds of their 15-round bout, to take the World Boxing Council (WBC) light-heavyweight title here Friday night.

The 24-year-old from Indianapolis completely demolished Parlov, ending the champion's 11-month reign as the only East European boxer to hold a world title.

Taking the fight to the favored Yugoslav from the outset, Johnson forced the pace until Parlov twice slipped to the canvas — more out of tiredness than anything else — and took compulsory counts in the 10th round.

After the second knockdown, with less than 30 seconds left to the round, Parlov's seconds

signalled that their man had had enough and British referee Roland Dakin stopped the fight.

In the second round, Johnson opened a cut above Parlov's right eye. When the bell rang for the 10th, Johnson sprinted quickly toward Parlov, a series of jabs sent Parlov's mouth piece flying in the ring for the second time in the bout.

When hit by a couple of jabs face and the body, Parlov folded and the referee gave him a count. He straightened up and slowly stepped toward the challenger who struck him with a series of right jabs, chased him to a corner where two right jabs in succession forced Parlov to fold again.

The referee then proclaimed Johnson the new WBC champion.



**PARTNERSHIP:** Australia's Kim Hughes pulling a loose ball with assurance. His century partnership with Graham Yallop helped Australia recover from a disastrous start.

## In copybook Sugar Bowl

## Alabama beats Auburn to meet Penn State

NEW YORK, Dec. 3 (AP) — Second-ranked Alabama defeated Auburn, 34-16, Saturday and set up a Sugar Bowl dream game with No. 1 Penn State for the U.S. National Collegiate Football Championship.

Ninth-ranked Houston, meanwhile, was handed a Cotton Bowl berth before even taking the field Saturday night when eighth-ranked Arkansas crushed Texas Tech, 49-7. The Cougars were assured of no less than a tie for the Southwest Conference championship and will meet Notre Dame on New Year's Day in Dallas.

In other action Saturday, bowl-bound Navy hammered Army, 28-0, in their annual service classic in Philadelphia. The Middles, headed for the new Holiday Bowl in San Diego, beat Army for the fifth time in the last six renewals of one of college football's greatest rivalries and cut the Cadets' lead in the series to 37-36. Six games have ended in ties.

Namath  
Jeff Rutledge broke Joe Namath's school record for touchdown passes in leading Alabama past Auburn. The Crimson Tide quarterback fired TD passes to bring his career total to 30 — Namath had 28 in three seasons.

Rutledge also tied the single-game Alabama record as well as the one-season record of 13 shared by Namath and Harry Gilmer as a record

crowd of 79,218 at Legion Field in Birmingham looked on.

Running back Ben Cowins scored two touchdowns and topped the 1,000-yard rushing mark for the third straight year to lead Arkansas over Texas Tech. Cowins entered the game needing 142 yards to get 1,000. He wound up with 148 yards on 19 carries.

Quarterback Bob Leszczynski rushed for two first-half touchdowns and set a Navy record with a third-quarter TD pass as the Middles overwhelmed Army. The scoring pass was the 26th of Leszczynski's career and broke the record that John Cartwright had set in 1965-67.

Starling  
Elsewhere, 11th-ranked Georgia edged Georgia Tech 29-28 as Anthony Arnold caught a 12-yard touchdown pass and then ran for a two-point conversion with only 2:24 remaining. It enabled Georgia to stage a stirring comeback from a 20-0 deficit in the first half.

Otis Anderson scored two second-half TDs in his eighth 100-yard game of the season, leading Miami over Florida, 22-21, in Doug Dickey's final game as Gators' coach. Safety Glenn Verrette batted down a pass on Boston College's gamble for a two-point conversion with 64 seconds left, preserving a 30-29 victory for Holy Cross over the winless Eagles.

Quarterback Jimmy Sreater ran for two touchdowns and teammate Alan Duncan kicked two field goals to pace Tennessee over Vanderbilt in one of the Southeastern Conference's oldest rivalries.

Ed Luther completed 23 of 43 passes for 201 yards as San Jose State clinched a share of the Pacific Coast Athletic Association title with a 24-6 trouncing of Long Beach State.

Marc Wilson fired three touchdown passes to lead Bri-

gham Young to a 28-24 comeback victory over Nevada-Las Vegas in a game played in Yokohama, Japan.

## Gold Bowl

Virginia Union's defense overwhelmed North Carolina A and T, scoring two TDs and a safety, and James Ferebee ran for 156 yards to lead the Panthers to a 21-6 victory over the Aggies in the Gold Bowl in Richmond, Virginia.

Halfback John Sanner and quarterback Joe Surliak combined for three touchdowns as Baldwin-Wallace beat Witten-

berg, 24-10, in the Amos Alonzo Stagg Bowl and won the NCAA Division III championship.

Division II semifinals. Delaware blanked Winston-Salem, 41-0, behind two TD passes by Jeff Komlo, and Eastern Illinois stopped Youngstown State, 26-23, on Poke Cobb's 3-yard touchdown run with four minutes left.

In its night game against rice, Houston tied a neat ribbon on the season by blowing the Owls 49-25 as backup quarterback Delrick Brown provided the second-half spark.

## In Test Century stand pulls Aussies out of mire

BRISBANE, Dec. 3 (R) — Australia fought its way to within 13 runs of England's first innings lead of 170 thanks to an unbeaten century partnership between captain Graham Yallop and Kim Hughes here Sunday on the third day of the first Test.

At the close of play, 25 minutes early because of bad light, Australia had recovered from another disastrous start in its second innings to reach 157 for three, with Yallop undefeated on 74 and Hughes not out 51.

England, 257 for eight overnight, made 286 in reply to Australia's first innings total of 116.

Yallop and Hughes came together when Australia were 49 for three after losing its first two wickets in the first two overs for only two runs.

England's fast bowler, Bob Willis, had sent Australia reeling when he dismissed Gary Cosier with the first ball of the innings and, in the next over from Ian Botham, Peter Tooley was trapped lbw.

Yallop and Hughes had several near mix-ups running between the wickets. "It's the first time we've batted together," Yallop said, who had some anxious moments. His innings of 249 minutes was slow but suited the practical needs of a side in distress.

He was caught by Brearley in the slips at 19 off a no-ball and survived a close run out at 42 when he set off for an audacious single, just beating Derek Randall who pounced on the ball and dived hand outstretched to reach the stumps.

At 64, Yallop was dropped by Graham Gooch at second slip off fast bowler Bob Willis in a sharp chance that didn't carry.

At the other end, Hughes gradually threw off the shackles and drove and pulled with assurance.

Skipper Stiffens W. Indies  
BOMBAY, Dec. 3 (AP) — Captain Alvin Kalicharan

Sunday rescued his West Indies team, reeling from the loss of both opening batsmen, with a fine century on the third day of the first Test with India and the West Indies.

Kalicharan's knock steered the team to the comparatively safe score of 184 for four wickets in total of 424. The visitors still need 40 runs to avoid the follow-on.

Earlier in the morning, India was all out after adding 73 runs to its overnight score of 351 for five wickets. It managed to cross the 400-mark thanks to a swashbuckling innings of 42 by 19-year-old Kapil Dev, a fast bowler who is developing into a fine all-rounder.

The last four Indian wickets fell for only 16 runs. The most successful West Indian bowlers were pacemen Sylvester Clarke and Vanburn Holder who took four wickets each.

Kalicharan, 29, a left-hander from Guyana, came in after Indian fast bowler Karsan Ghavri had grabbed the wickets of Basil Williams and Ian Greenidge in a devastating opening spell.

Williams fell to the first ball he faced before the lunch break. Greenidge was out immediately after play resumed; both men failed to get off the mark.

The score was 13 for two wickets.

## Japan student outruns foreign marathon elite

FUKUOKA, Japan, Dec. 3 (AP) — Toshihiko Seko, Japan's 21-year-old Olympic hope, won the 1978 Fukuoka International Marathon Sunday, outrunning defending champion Bill Rodgers of the United States and 92 others with a time of two hours, 10 minutes 21 seconds.

Seko, of Waseda University, broke a seven-year foreign domination of the annual event.

## Consult EPPCO for your new telephone system

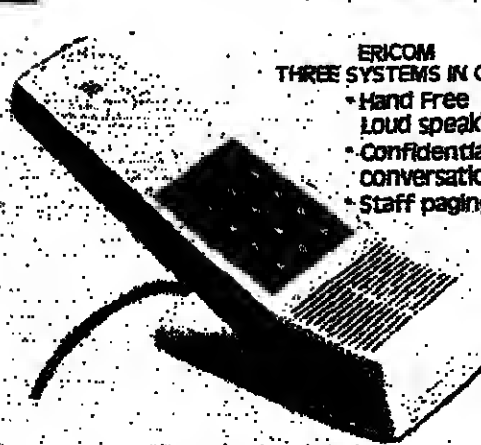
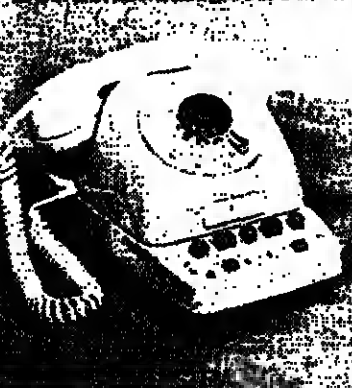
EPPCO has a vast array of Ericson communication equipment to suit all communication needs. EPPCO—the leader in communications equipment sales and maintenance.

Sometimes its better not go Automatic!



ECONOMY  
RELIABILITY  
EXPANDABILITY  
PERFORMANCE

Version of Dialup Secretariat



ERICOM  
THREE SYSTEMS IN ONE  
• Hand Free  
• Loud speaking  
• Confidential conversation  
• Staff paging



- \* PABX EXCHANGES OF DIFFERENT CAPACITIES: 3-9000 LINES.
- \* A LARGE VARIETY OF TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS
- \* A NEW GENERATION OF INTERCOM SYSTEM
- \* ONE YEAR FREE MAINTENANCE SERVICE

Engineering Projects & Products Co. Ltd. Eppco

Engineering Projects & Products Co. Ltd. Eppco

RIYADH 22222 JEDDAH 22222 DAMMAM 22222



**FIRST BLACK:** Nottingham Forest's Viv Anderson shows off the badge which he wore against Czechoslovakia last week as the first black player to represent England. As England manager Ron Greenwood said: "The honor couldn't have fallen on a better pair of shoulders."



# U.S. anti-inflation plan is off to troubled start

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (AP) — U.S. President Jimmy Carter's anti-inflation program is off to a very troubled start. No matter which way the president turns, he is encountering major stumbling blocks.

The worst of these is that inflation in the United States apparently is getting worse as 1978 draws to a close, rising to about 10 per cent rather than the 8 per cent annual rate the Carter administration had been predicting until recently.

As inflation worsens, it will make it more difficult for Carter to achieve his goal of getting companies to hold their price increases next year to a half percentage point below their average increase during 1976 and 1977 — or roughly 5.75 per cent.

Alfred Kahn, Carter's chief inflation adviser, now says an inflation rate of about 7 per cent is probably the lowest that can be achieved in 1979.

He said it is probably too much to expect that the administration's program will be completely successful, saying, "what's likely, it will part work."

At his news conference Thursday, Carter acknowledged that he is having trouble carrying forward such anti-inflation pledges as slowing government spending to reduce the budget

deficit to \$30 billion or less in 1980, down from about \$40 billion this year.

"I'm beginning to see more and more clearly how difficult that will be, but I intend to do it," he said.

Kahn told reporters later that it may be nine months before inflation is slowed.

Carter's program did receive support from two major corporate giants Friday. Both General Motors Corp. and American Telephone and Telegraph said in letters to the administration that they will comply with the price objectives of the project.

But there have been other setbacks to Carter's program in the five weeks since he announced it.

Approval by state legislators in Illinois and Ohio of pay raises ranging from 25 to 30 per cent.

Resistance by labor unions to the 7 per cent wage and benefit guideline, plus the worsening inflation rate, are already forcing the administration to make some changes in the wage part of the program.

The AFL-CIO complained that the price guidelines of the president's program are "a sham," while the wage measure is "arbitrary, inflexible and inequitable."

Many members of Con-

gress have been skeptical about enacting the president's proposed legislation for so-called real wage insurance, which would provide some inflation relief to workers who agree to his wage guidelines. In addition to the problem of making it equitable for all workers, there's also a fear it could blow the lid off the budget deficit.

Doubts still have not been fully resolved on whether the administration can lawfully deny government contracts to companies which do not comply with the wage and price guidelines. A court challenge is considered a certainty if the administration carries out the threat.

After earlier saying it would publish lists of major corporations that are in violation of the price guidelines, the administration's council on wage and price stability now says it isn't sure this is feasible because the guidelines are so complex it will be difficult to tell when a violation has occurred.

Kahn said the 7 per cent wage guideline has encountered greater opposition than any other feature of the program, primarily because it would count the cost of such benefits as increased outlays for worker health insurance to offset the effect of inflation.



SPACE-AGE PIER: While European piers are fast disappearing, St. Petersburg, Florida, has developed this new super modern pier. It includes a futuristic 6-storey, inverted pyramid central building which houses several restaurants and a number of shops. The pier replaces an old wooden structure built in 1913. (Central Press Photos)

## EEC expected to okay new monetary system

BRUSSELS, Dec. 3 (AP) — A summit meeting Monday of the leaders of nine European nations is expected to approve a new European monetary system that will bring the most major reorganization of West European currencies in five years.

The new system will bring little immediate relief from constant currency fluctuations to non-European living or traveling in Europe, since the U.S. dollar, Japanese yen and other non-European currencies will not be part of the arrangement.

But the system will steady European currencies against one another and, advocates hope, eventually add to overall world monetary stability.

Also on the agenda for the summit, which ends Tuesday with a final communique and press conference, are disputes between the United States and West Europe over the world trade and tariff talks in Geneva; Britain's long-standing fishing dispute with other members of the European Common Market; a review of the Common Market's generous farm subsidy system that has created mountains of surplus milk and beef; and plans for a panel of "wise men" to study the European community's future.

The heads of state and government of Britain, France, West Germany, Italy, Belgium, Holland, Luxembourg, Denmark and Ireland open their talks with a lunch, following a meeting of their foreign ministers to discuss further coordination of the nine European community nations' foreign policies.

## Pakistan to have new center for nuclear medicine

ISLAMABAD, Dec. 3 (Agencies) — Pakistan will shortly have the 6th nuclear medical center for diagnosis and treatment of diseases and for the training of technicians in the latest techniques of radiotherapy and nuclear medicine. The center, at Larkana, in the province of Sind, has been built and equipment being installed. It is expected to be ready for use by the end of this month.

Pakistan will add a new facility of nuclear therapy with the establishment of a nuclear medical center it plans to build at Islamabad. The facility, known as Linear Accelerator, can be used to treat both superficial and deep seated tumours in any part of the body. This facility is presently not available in any nuclear medical center of the country.

A decision on the European monetary system, under intense discussion since the last European summit in Bremen, West Germany, in July, is expected Monday night during a dinner at Brussels' 16th century Egmont Palace.

A January start for the new monetary system is expected to be agreed to by all Common Market nations except Britain, which has indicated that it may not join for at least six months. If Britain stays out and Ireland, as expected, joins, the Irish pound's value will become separate from that of the British pound sterling for the first time in the history of the Irish Republic.

## Abu Dhabi oil output down 12.9%

ABU DHABI, Dec. 3 (R) — Oil production of Abu Dhabi emirate was down by 12.98 per cent during the period from January to October 1978 in comparison with last year, the official Emirates News Agency reported Sunday.

Quoting statistics by the petroleum ministry the agency said total production during the past 10 months reached 438,914,064 barrels compared with 504,403,707 barrels during the same period in 1977.

Al-Sheiba al-Hamili, under-secretary of the petroleum ministry said his country reduced its crude output to prolong oil wells productivity, the agency reported.

## Economic Briefs

● MOSCOW: U.S. Commerce Secretary Juaota Kreps has arrived here for trade talks with Soviet leaders which both countries have said could improve their relations in general. Mrs. Kreps, who will be joined by Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal for the first meeting on Monday, told reporters she was confident commercial relations could be improved.

● WASHINGTON: World sugar production will drop about 2 per cent next year but still will exceed projected consumption and lead to another buildup in global stocks, the U.S. Agriculture Department said.

● LONDON: The outcome of the latest United Nations conference aimed at helping third world states stabilize their commodity prices was perhaps too fragile to call a success, Commonwealth Secretary-General Shridath Ramphal said.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

	Cash	Transfer
Opening Sunday	3.38	3.38
U.S. Dollar	6.60	6.58
Pound Sterling	175.25	174.90
Deutsche Mark (100)	195.50	194.75
Swiss F (100)	76.50	76.85
French F (100)	40.00	40.00
Italian Lira (1000)	112.4	112.4
Lebanese Lira (100)	83.00	87.00
Syrian Lira (100)	4.70	4.83
Egyptian Pound	12.30	12.35
Kuwaiti Dinar	11.30	11.30
Jordanian Dinar	88.00	88.00
Emirates Dirham (100)	88.00	88.00
Qatari Riyal (100)	8.80	8.80
Bahraini Dinar	47.00	48.35
Iranian Riyal (100)	10.25	—
Israeli Dinar	75.00	74.40
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	—
South Yemeni Dinar	80.00	89.25
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	40.75
Indian Rupee (100)	35.00	34.35
Pakistani Rupee (100)	21.300	—
Gold kg	2,490	—
10 Tolas bar	660	—
Silver kg bar	—	—

Supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah, Tel: 25415

## Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

* Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs				
Construction of one lavatory each in Shamasiah and Rubaiyah	81-98/99	400	Dec. 10	
Fencing of graveyards in Al-Haqw village in Nish municipality	26-96/97	900	Dec. 11	
Fencing of a graveyard in Subaili village in Bisha municipality	"	300	Dec. 15	
Construction of a small slaughterhouse at a site between Shamasiah and Rubaiyah	82-98/99	700	Dec. 16	
Fencing of 11 graveyards under Baha municipality	26-96/97	1100	Dec. 17	
Building of a meat and vegetables market of 12 shops in Rubaiyah village	83-98/99	400	Dec. 18	
Fencing of a graveyard in Wadi Josh, Taif	26-96/97	100	Dec. 22	



## PORTS AUTHORITY JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

### SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF 3RD DECEMBER 1978

1-VESSELS DISCHARGING BERTH	VESEL	AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
1A	—	—	—	—
2	—	—	—	—
3	—	—	—	—
4	BARGES EN - ATLANTIC FOREST	KANOO	FLOUR RICE GENERAL	30/11/78
5	IBN ZUHR	KANOO	CONTRAS & GEN	1/12/78
6	—	—	—	—
7	—	—	—	—
8	CLIMAX ANETHYST	OCEAN TRD.	SORGHUM MAIZE	27/11/78
9	—	—	—	—
10	—	—	—	—
11	SCT VINCENT	ALSAADA	MOBILE COMMODITY	27/11/78
12	DIGNITY	ALPHA	SUGAR	2/12/78
13	STALO	A.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	29/11/78
14	—	—	—	—
15	BARGES ATLANTIC FOREST	KANOO	FLOUR RICE GEN	16/11/78
16	ODYSSEUS	RDACD	BULK CEMENT	7/11/78
17	MEDCEMENT	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	30/11/78
18	CARRIER	—	—	—
19	GERARD L.D.	ALSAABA	BULK CEMENT	25/11/78
20	TOULLA	A.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	28/11/78
21	MARE CARIBICO	STAR NAV.	REEFER	1/12/78
22	FILIPINAS SAUOI	S.A.M.A.	ACCOMMODATION SHIP	—
23	—	—	—	—
24	—	—	—	—
25	—	—	—	—
26	SELENA	STAR NAV.	REEFER	30/11/78
27	TABALO	A.E.T.	TIMBER	3/12/78
28	—	—	—	—
29	MARITIME RESOURCE	ALSAADA	PIPES	1/12/78
30	—	—	—	—
31	LELLO DI MAIO	ALPHA	SUGAR	30/11/78
32	REGENT CEOR	A.E.T.	VEHICLES	3/12/78
33	LUCIAN	ATTAR	REEFER	27/11/78
34	SZENWALO	—	—	—

### Vessels Working at Anch.

NIL

### 2-Recent Arrivals

JIN YANG 15	SEA	GENERAL	2/12/78
RAUENFELS	ALIREZA	TO LOAD EMPTY CONTRS	2/12/78
SINED I	BOKHARI	GENERAL	2/12/78
TABALO	A.E.T.	TIMBER	2/12/78
REGENT CEDAR	A.E.T.	VEHICLES	2/12/78

### 3-Vessels Expected Within 24 Hours

FU CHIAO	OCE	REEFER	3/12/78
SKYROS	STAR NAV.	DURRA GENERAL	3/12/78
KORDOFAN	A.E.T.	STEEL GENERAL	3/12/78
TABALO	A.E.T.	TIMBER	3/12/78
GOLDEN ARABIA	EL HAWI	P.WOOD-STEEL-CND	3/12/78
MARKHOR	A.E.T.	OIL BRICKS GEN. REEFER	3/12/78
NEW LARK	ORRI	RICE SORGHUM TIM GEN	3/12/78
EDINBURGH	KANOO	CONSTRUCTION MATS	3/12/78
IBN TUFAIL	KANOO	TO LOAD EMPTY CONTRS	3/12/78
WILLY ONE	A.E.T.	CONTAINERS	3/12/78
MERRY VIKING	A.E.T.	CONTAINERS	3/12/78
NINI LAKE	ROLACD	CONTAINERS	3/12/78
GEORGE TSIRIS	OCE	BAGGED CEMENT	3/12/78
FARHA	H.S.S.C.	RO RO	3/12/78
REGENT CEOR	A.E.T.	VEHICLES	3/12/78
TOKI ARROW	REDEC	BULK CEMENT	3/12/78

### 4-TONNAGES DISCHARGED (Freight tons) : 43247

WAITING TIME : NIL

Importers having goods on the abovementioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any enquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.



## PORTS AUTHORITY

### KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT DAMMAM

#### SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF

CHANGES PAST 24 HRS.

DATE: 3.1.1999/3.12.1978

TIME: 0700 HRS.

Vessels Working Berth No.	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of cargo	Arrival Date
2	KATORI MARU	GULF	CEMENT PLANT	3/12/1978
3	HOEGH ORCHID	KANOO	GENERAL	1/12/1978
6	LUNAR VENTURE	G.M.S.	GENERAL	29/11/1978
10	KOTA KAKAYAT	GULF	LOADING UREA	25/11/1978
11	TONGARIRO	KANOO	FOODSTUFFS (REEFER)	29/11/1978
13	STRATHEDEN	KANOO	GENERAL	30/11/1978
16	HENRIETTE	KANOO	GEN/CONT	21/12/1978
17	MAERSK	—	—	—
18	STURMFELS	ALIREZA	GENERAL	1/12/1978
19	KATORI	A.E.T.	C. CEMENT	29/11/1978
20	KASHI MARU	ALGOSABI	C. CEMENT	28/11/1978
21	KOBE KOBE (D.B.)	ALIREZA	BULK CEMENT	19/10/1978
26	HAN GARAM	O.C.E.	GENERAL	2/12/1978
28	FAUST	KANOO	AUTOMOBILES	2/12/1978

#### SCP

ELSE KILDE	KANOO	GENERAL	12/10/1978
------------	-------	---------	------------

#### Vessels Working at Anchorage

#### Recent Arrivals

HDEGH ORCHID	KANOO	GENERAL	1/12/1978
BARGE QN-115	BARBER LINE	STEEL BARS	2/12/1978
FAUST	KANOO	AUTOMOBILES	2/12/1978
JADE BOUNTY	GULF	CONTAINERS	2/12/1978
HANGARAM	O.C.E.	GENERAL	2/12/1978
MERCURY GULF	KANOO	GENERAL	2/12/1978
HENRIETTE	—	—	—
MAERSK	KANOO	GEN/CONT	2/12/1978
KATORI MARU	GULF	CEMENT PLANT	3/12/1978

#### Vessels Expected During Next 24 Hours

INDUS MARU	A.E.T.	—	—
TIGRIS MARU	A.E.T.	—	—
NEDLODDY ELBE	KANOO	—	—
NEA TYHI	ALGOSABI	—	—
RIGOLETTO	ALGOSABI	—	—
NEDLODDY ROUEN	KANOO	—	—

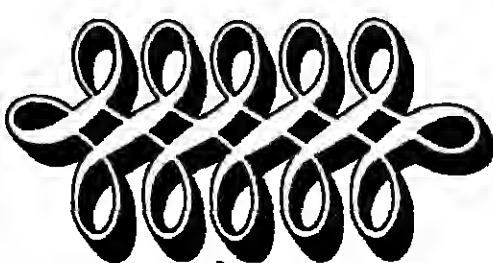
TONNAGE DISCHARGED: 43,259

WAITING TIME: NIL

Note: Importers having goods on the above mentioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any inquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.

## SAUDI RESEARCH & INVESTMENT LIMITED

GROUND FLOOR, BINLADIN BUILDING, MEDINA ROAD JEDDAH. P.O. BOX 6474. TELEPHONE 53908



IMMEDIATE PRICES AND DEALING FACILITIES

A COMPREHENSIVE INVESTMENT SERVICE COVERING THE WORLD FINANCIAL MARKETS

PORTFOLIO ADVICE FOR PRIVATE CLIENTS & INSTITUTIONS

DEALING IN GOLD, DIAMONDS, BONDS, COMMODITIES STOCKS AND PROPERTY.



B.C.

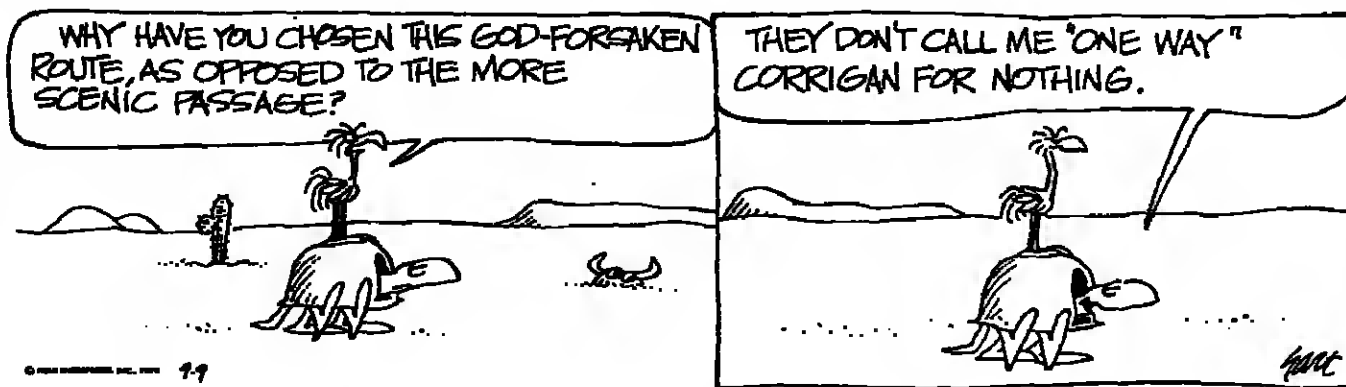
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

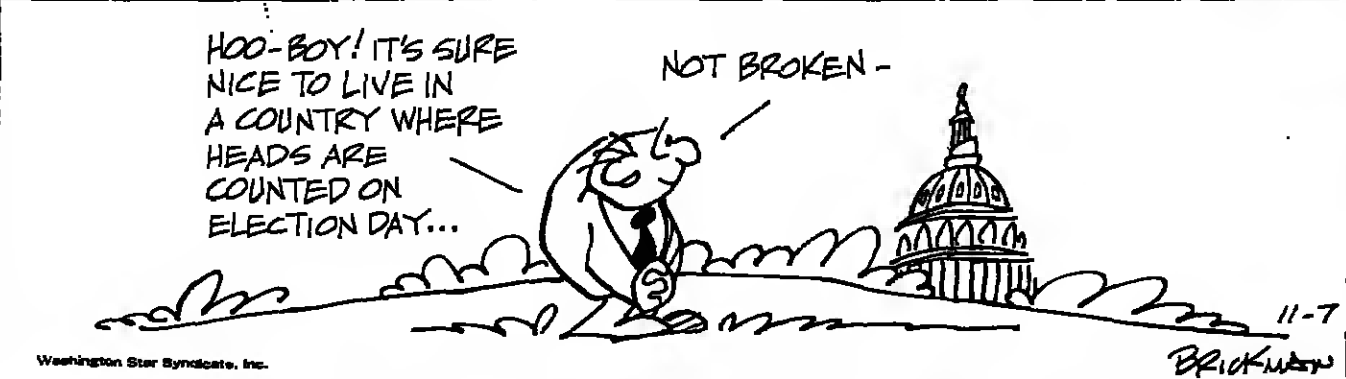
BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



THEY DON'T CALL ME 'ONE WAY' CORRIGAN FOR NOTHING.



NOT BROKEN -



FOR A SMALL FEE I'LL PLAY REVEILLE ON MY BUGLE

SLAM

THAT INCLUDES TAPS IF YOU GO UNEXPECTEDLY!



THE LEAST LITTLE ARGUMENT ANYONE GIVES ME I WANT TO FIGHT

AW, COME ON! NO ONE IS THAT SENSITIVE...

POW!



TRY A HANDKERCHIEF

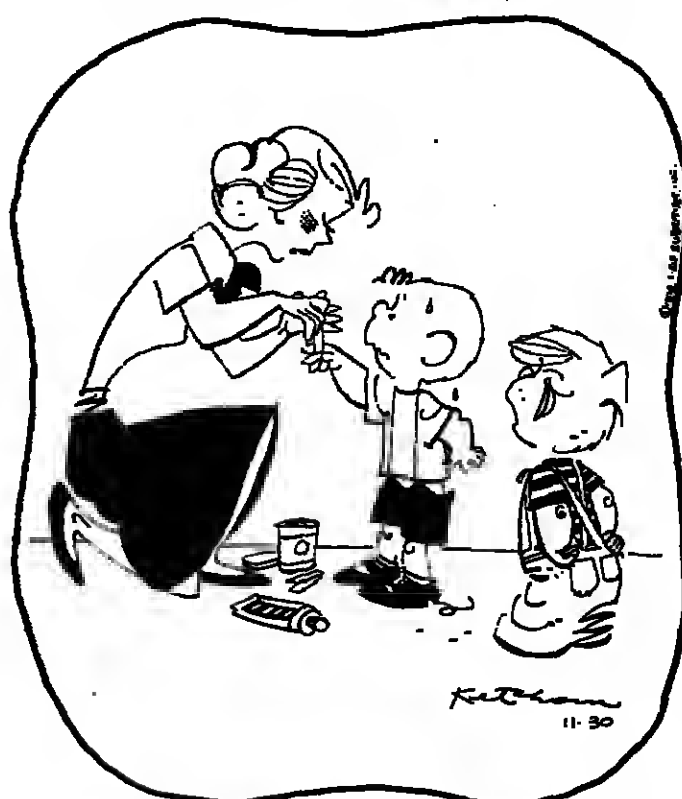
I'M NOT GOING TO ASK! NOT IF IT KILLS ME!



YOU DUMMY! I STUFF ANIMALS

MEDICINE IS SO SPECIALIZED THESE DAYS

## Dennis the Menace



'WHEN YOU'RE EATIN' A HOTDOG, JOEY... ALWAYS KEEP YOUR FINGER ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE BUN!'

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

### Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 - sister

4 - Explosion

8 - "I Am Love"

11 Bacon slice

14 Alleviate

15 Guarantee

16 Musical

17 Baseball's

18 Baseball's

19 Writer St.

20 John

21 Walden -

22 - d'Anza,

Italy

23 "The Women"

24 Espans,

translated

25 Eucharist

26 Wee ones

27 Byrd or

England,

e.g.,

28 Lasso

29 Dope

30 Pique

31 Flatter

32 Like a

gambler

33 - La Duce

34 Warden's

concerns

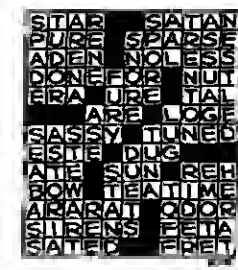
35 Poetical

adverb

36 Irish -

37 Suffice

with exist



Yesterday's Answer

12 Blush

13 - Bator

14 Tropical

15 Fruit

16 Contention

17 Least

18 Melon

19 Pastry

20 Tried

21 Office

22 For office

23 For office

24 For office

25 For office

26 For office

27 For office

28 For office

29 For office

30 For office

31 For office

32 For office

33 For office

34 For office

35 For office

36 For office

37 For office

38 For office

39 For office

40 For office

41 For office

42 For office

43 For office

44 For office

45 For office

46 For office

47 For office

48 For office

49 For office

50 For office

51 For office

52 For office

53 For office

54 For office

55 For office

56 For office

57 For office

58 For office

59 For office

60 For office

61 For office

62 For office

63 For office

64 For office

65 For office

66 For office

67 For office

68 For office

69 For office

70 For office

## Believe It or Not!



AN ALBATROSS CAN SOAR FOR AN HOUR WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST OBSERVABLE WING MOVEMENT

A MAN'S SUIT CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY 38 MILES OF THREAD

GENERAL JAMES LONGSTREET OF THE CONFEDERATE ARMY, TO MAINTAIN THE SECRECY OF GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE'S PLANS FOR THE BATTLE OF ANTIETAM, ATE HIS COPY

## Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

### Famous Hand

West dealer. Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH

AKQ75

985

AK108

AK32

WEST

AKQ

AKQJ7432

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

AKQ

clubs. West had also followed

suit twice in spades, so his

only unknown card therefore

had to be a diamond or a

spade.

If West had a diamond,

Forquet reasoned, the odds

were 7-to-1 that it would be

a low diamond rather than the

queen. Accordingly, Forquet

led dummy's eight of

diamonds to his jack, con-

fident of a favorable outcome.

But alas, West's only diamond

was the queen and Forquet

went down four!

"DOWN FOUR!" said his

wife incredulously. "Down

four," Forquet replied sadly.

Later analysis proved that

the 16-time world champion

had misplayed the hand! At

the point Forquet led the

diamond from dummy, he

could have assured the slam

100 percent by playing the

king from his hand!

If West showed out of

diamonds, it would mean that

he had three spades and the

suit was divided 3-3. If West

followed suit in diamonds,

even with a low one, the slam

would still be ice-cold. In that

case, Forquet would play a

spade to dummy's king and

lead the fourth spade back,

being careful to discard his

jack of diamonds on the trick!

That would compel East to

win the spade and return a

diamond from his theoretical

Q-x into dummy's A-10.

### DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAAXE

LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is

used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters,

apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all

hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

YU XEMTYUJ UIB XMDQENITD

GEU'Q PETJQ QR QIVV

QOI EVG EUID SEM DQYVV

VERI QOIN. - OKV DQFFYUD

Yesterday's Cryptquote: HE THAT WILL NOT COMMAND

HIS THOUGHTS WILL SOON LOSE COMMAND OF HIS AC-

TIONS. -BISHOP WILSON

## ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

### PRAYER TIMES

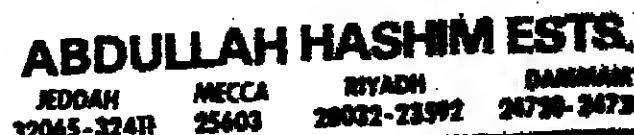
MONDAY
--------



**BRANCHES: RYADH P.O. BOX 478 - AL KHORAR P.O. BOX 471**

## International Finance

### International Bourse, commodities, Money and Exchange Rates





**PASSPORT LOST**  
British Passport No. 638067A issued at London in 1974 with Asian Airline air ticket to Mr. Aliqar Ali has been lost. Under please deliver it in British Embassy - Jeddah.

**PASSPORT LOST**  
Indian Passport No. K232394 issued at Madras on 27-5-1975 with Iqama No. 76802 to Mr. Iqem Akhtar has been lost. Under please deliver it to Indian Embassy - Jeddah.

**1976VOLVO 244DL FOR SALE**  
good condition, air cond. Stereo, best offer over SR 22,000. Also, 27 foot Dufour - Built SAIL-BOAT, sleeps five. Call Peter J. Kurz, Home Tel: 57246, or Citibank - Jeddah 24011 or 24155.

**N. C. C.**

**NATIONAL CONCRETE CO.**  
CERAMIC BUILDING MATERIALS  
ROOF TILES, HOLLOW BLOCKS  
DECORATIVE BRICKS  
SOLID BRICKS, FLOOR TILES  
In highest quality from our factory in Greece  
Fast deliveries Tel: 50491 P.O.Box 6548 Jeddah

**GAC-RYAN**  
**CRANES & TRUCKS**

For hire  
anywhere in Saudi Arabia  
Jeddah :59024

**ACCOMMODATION WANTED**  
We require a good three bed room apartment with telephone in Al-Masaadia area. Please contact Mr. Abbasi Redec Intertrade, Al-Masaadia, near Irish Embassy, P.O. Box 2581, Jeddah. Telephone 58508.

**BRIGHT IDEA FOR YOUR MANPOWER PROBLEM**

Indian workers are looking for Job with competitive salary in all fields. Manpower available at your sites within a week, if job visa is given in time. No commission or service charge required. Interested contractors or individuals please write for prompt reply to:  
**India Office Address:-** Shishupal Advocate, S'kar - 332001, India.  
**Local Address:-** Mr. M. Siddiq, P.O. Box, 6305, JEDDAH. S.A.

**ARABESQUE DESIGN VILLA FOR RENT**

One floor 230 Sq.M. Madina Road, Jeddah New Al-Motadq Furniture, 3 Bed Rooms, 1 Living Room, Hallway (6 x 9) 2 Bath Rooms, 400 Sq.M. Yard entrance & Balconies are decorated with Arabesque Arches.  
Contact Tel: 52211 Ex: 51  
8:30 A.M. to 2:30 P.M.  
Mansoor, Jeddah.

**BUSINESS FOR SALE**

LARGE COMPLETE SHOWROOM  
WELL LOCATED ON KHALID BIN WALEED STREET - AIRCONDITIONED - CARPETED READY FOR OPERATION ALONG WITH STOCK:  
\* CARPETS - BEDSHEETS - ETC - (AND IT'S AGENCIES)  
VALUING OVER S.R. 500,000  
FOR IMMEDIATE OUTRIGHT SALE.  
FOR MORE DETAILS CONTACT  
TEL: 53463 OR P.O. BOX 6437  
JEDDAH.

**FOR RENT**

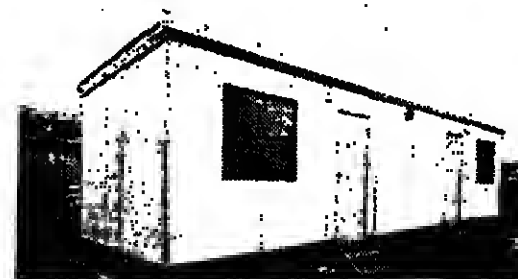
**IMMEDIATELY**

1- LUXURIOUS APPARTMENT BUILDING OF 12 FLATS CARPETED, AIR-CONDITION, CURTAINS LIFT ETC.  
2- COMPLETELY FURNISHED FIRST CLASS BUILDING COMPOSED OF 12 APPARTMENTS.  
3- TWO ADJACENT FURNISHED VILLAS.  
P.S. ALL THE ABOVE ARE LOCATED IN SULAYMANIAH AREA.  
FOR ANY INFORMATION PLEASE CALL ON PHONE NOS. 69212 AND 69123 MR. IBRAHIM FROM 6 PM TO 9 PM.

**PORTABLE ACCOMMODATION UNITS**

Available for immediate delivery at

**ITRACO**



Telephone: 43759.

P.O. BOX: 75. JEDDAH SAUDI ARABIA.

**ANNOUNCEMENT**

**DR. AMINA B. HIJAZI,**  
PAEDIATRICIAN

ANNOUNCES THE OPENING OF  
HER CLINIC IN OLAYYA,  
ACROSS THE STREET FROM  
CITY SUPERMARKET  
(EL-HAMMAD BLDG. 2nd Flr. APT.10)  
**CLINIC HOURS:**  
9-12 A.M.  
5-9 P.M. DAILY EXCEPT FRIDAYS

**BACO Villas EX STOCK**

BACO CONTRACTS DIVISION  
are pleased to offer:

**40  
2 BEDROOMED  
VILLAS FROM  
STOCK**

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

- High quality 43 square metre units.
- Lounge/diner, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, hall.
- Aluminium windows, patio doors.
- Kitchen and sanitary fittings, pre-plumbed, pre-wired.
- Timber framed, aluminium/GRP cladding, Tropicalised.

Take advantage of unrepeatable prices and contact:

Mr. Andrew Boyd  
Saudi Profiles Metsec  
PO Box 971 Riyadh  
Telephone: 69605 Telex: 201368 or

**BACO**  
The British Aluminium Company Ltd  
CONTRACTS DIVISION  
Regal House, London Road  
Twickenham TW1 3QA England  
Telephone: 01-892 4488 Telex: 261621



**BARADAN CORPORATION**

**Professional translations**  
**ENGLISH-ARABIC & OTHER LANGUAGES:**  
LEGAL DOCUMENTS, TECHNICAL AND GENERAL  
HANDLED BY PROFESSIONAL TRANSLATORS WITH  
HIGHEST ACADEMIC BACK GROUND AND MINIMUM  
OF TWENTY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE INTERNATIONALLY.  
write or call:  
**BARADAN CORP.**  
P.O. BOX: 6724 TEL: 89741-89745-89775 TELEX: 234888



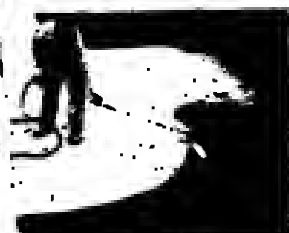
**Jeddah Bowling Center**

Exclusively for members  
K/o 9 Off Madina Road Jeddah.  
Tel: 56573 57206

**Urgent Staff Requirement**

We urgently require the following sales and engineering staff to market and install world renowned kitchen furniture:  
A Showroom Sales Manager - Arabic-English speaking candidates having previous sales management experience need apply.  
A Draftsman - Arabic-English speaking candidates with previous drawing experience for kitchen designing required. Please apply to: St. Charles Arabia P.O. Box 1238, Jeddah Tel: 22236

**The Roofing Specialists**



**LATCO WATERPROOFING SYSTEM**  
Modern, rubberized bituminous and reflective roof and foundation coatings for any surface. Monolithic, flexible coatings provide years of protection. Ideally suited for Saudi Arabia.

**AEROFOAM ROOF INSULATION LIGHTWEIGHT FOAM CONCRETE**  
Hi thermal insulation at lowest cost. Poured in place by experienced teams using modern pumping equipment.



Manufactured in USA by LATCO. Stocked, sold and applied locally by:  
NATIONAL MARKETING JEDDAH TEL: 47886, 23314 or 38810  
TELEX 407666 HAMAT SJ

exceptional  
pre-christmas  
offer at  
riyadh fashion house

DAY AND EVENING DRESSES FROM 200 TO 500 RLS.  
(ORIGINALLY 500 TO 1500 RLS.)  
FUR COATS AND JACKETS AT 450 AND 250 RLS.

ALSO SILKS, LONG SHIRTS, LINGERIE, LOUNGE DRESSES, JEANS, T-SHIRTS, BELTS, COSMETICS & EVENING BAGS

NEW ARRIVAL OF WINTER COLECTION  
VISIT US AND PROFIT FROM THIS LIMITED OFFER

SITTIN STREET-150M FROM MUNAJJEM  
FREEZER ENTRANCE-TEL.66109

**M.M. ALAY**

BUILDING & DECORATION MATERIALS  
GENERAL CONTRACTING

Civil engineering,  
building  
& industrial construction.  
Excellent record  
as sub-contractors  
to international firms.

Construction teams available in:

RIYADH, JEDDAH  
TABUK, ABHA, MECCA  
CONTRACTING OFFICE: MEDINA ROAD  
BESIDE SEVEN-UP BOTTLING PLANT  
TELEPHONE: 58043-50714  
BUILDING MATERIALS:  
JEDDAH-23698 - RIYADH-27750  
TELEX: 201382

**For the latest coverage on news of the Middle East**



**The only international Arabic newspaper of the Arabs**

Published daily from London, covers news, views and a daily Financial page on international Bourse, commodities, money and exchange rates.

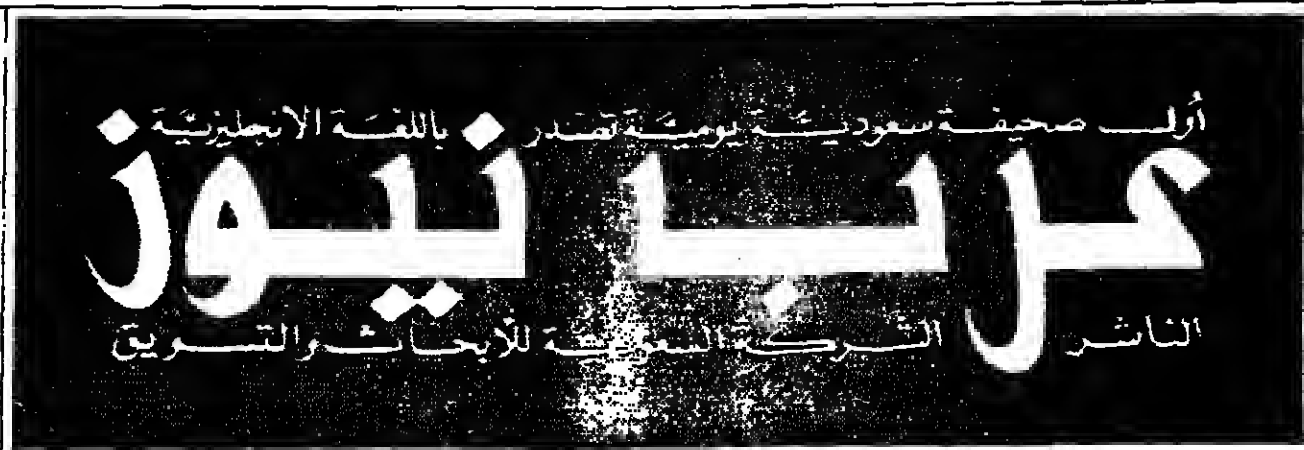
please contact:

Jeddah: P.O. Box 4556 Tel: 34962 28708, 30213  
Riyadh: P.O. Box 478 Tel: 38272  
Alkhobar: P.O. Box 671 Tel: 42941  
Cairo: Tel: 818392

London: Tel: 353-4413/4/5/6  
Geneva: P.O. Box 32-1211 Tel: 022-984221  
Houston, Texas: Tel: (713) 961-0245  
Washington DC: Tel: (202) 638-7183  
Yokohama: Baba 2.12 10 Tsurumi



**SAUDI TRANSPORT BETON**  
For lab-tested ready-mixed  
**CONCRETE**  
Any quantities—any specifications—  
pumped anywhere—competitive prices  
Call any time:  
**49801-44947**  
**ANBAH-TSEKOURAS GROUP**



**What if they insist on a turn-key contract?**  
Accept the challenge.  
Ask us to supply you cement, steel, timber, concrete curing, ornamental and decorative materials, and mixers, dumpers and scaffolding equipment.  
**ALSAYED ABDALLAH MOHAMED BAROUM**  
P.O. Box 1348 Tel: 22366-26721 JEDDAH

PAGE 14

Late News

الطبعة ١٢٩٩

## Pretoria arrests top SWAPO aides on eve of Namibia assembly voting

WINDHOEK, Dec. 3 (AP) — Five top executives of the South West Africa People's Organization (SWAPO) were detained Saturday after bombings and demonstrations here, Col. Koos Myburgh, head of the security police, said Sunday.

They were being held under the Terrorism Act, which allows indefinite incommunicado detention without charges.

Those held were: Daniel Tjongoerero, deputy chairman,

Mokganedi Tihabonello, publicity secretary, Lucia Hamutya, legal affairs secretary, Axel Johannes, administrative secretary, and Johannes Kanjore, youth secretary.

The Johannesburg "Sunday Post" also reported an additional 500 demonstrators had been arrested Saturday as they marched from the center of Windhoek to the black Katutura township. The South African Press Association reported

only 30 SWAPO supporters picked up by police and said they were to appear briefly in court Monday.

The arrests followed a day of tension in Windhoek during which bombs exploded, injuring 14 people and destroying two cars, buildings were evacuated after alerts and an unexploded bomb was found.

A shooting occurred at a political rally, at least one local political leader received threat-

ening telephone calls and one newspaper received a telex, a hoax, that the territory's administrator-general, Marthinus Steyn, was dead.

The capital was quiet Sunday, before five days of voting to elect a constituent assembly. The elections are being held despite objections and non-participation by SWAPO.

Although SWAPO president Sam Nujoma pledged to wreck the Dec. 4-8 elections, international SWAPO leaders have denied responsibility for the bombings.

Maj.-Gen. Victor Verster, the divisional commissioner of police said Saturday he had no doubt SWAPO was involved in the bombings because explosives experts said the material used was the same used by SWAPO to blow up railway lines and a bridge.

Verster said the bombings were the first acts of "urban terrorism" in Windhoek.

There was no word on when the SWAPO leaders were to appear in court, several were to have addressed a mass rally in the township Sunday afternoon.

ONE THAT MADE IT: A Vietnamese refugee boat moors off Kuala Lumpur refusing to leave despite a police order. A young girl on the right climbs aboard after washing cooking pots.

## Two more refugee boats sink; hunt goes on for other victims

NARATHIWAH, Thailand Dec. 3 (AP) — The bodies of 18 Vietnamese refugees were recovered from the Gulf of Thailand Sunday after their boat sank off this port city in southern Thailand, authorities said.

A Vietnamese refugee boat headed for Malaysia's northeastern coast also sank in rough seas Sunday 165 miles north of Kuala Lumpur, leaving at least eight people dead, officials said. There were 46 survivors.

More than 300 refugees in the first incident swam safely to Narathiwah, but marine police said a search would continue for bodies of others feared drowned.

It was not immediately known how many persons were aboard that refugee ship. The refugees, mostly ethnic Chinese, were refused permission to come ashore here Saturday, police said. Narathiwah is about 500 miles south of Bangkok.

Police said they were investigating the possibility the refugees sank the boat on purpose to avoid having to sail further.

The most recent mishap Sunday put the death toll from

five boat accidents off the Malaysian coast at more than 350 dead in 11 days.

As many as 95 persons still are feared dead after a boat crammed with refugees sank in the South China Sea Saturday. Police said Sunday that 151 persons had survived the disaster and 44 died.

Several successful boat landings were reported on Sunday. A boat carrying 160 refugees safely reached Kuala Trengganu, 180 miles northeast of Kuala Lumpur, Saturday night. Vietnamese caught a rope thrown by police to secure the boat and came ashore to be taken by trucks to Malaysian refugee camps, police reported.

Police said one old man died of a heart attack but the

other refugees appeared to be in good condition.

Another boat with about 150 passengers was reported to be anchored in the estuary of the Trengganu River, where the worst boat accident of the last 11 days took place.

Police and angry Malaysians on Nov. 21 denied that boat landing permission and it subsequently hit a sand bank and capsized, killing at least 105 persons. Another 85 still are missing and believed dead. Police said there were 61 survivors.

Other boat landings were reported at Kuantan, 120 miles east of Kuala Lumpur, and Kota Bharu, about 200 miles northeast of the Malaysian capital.

**Russians follow**

## American Venus probes due today

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3 (AP) — The first American spacecraft intended to orbit Venus will arrive at the planet Monday, leading a flock of U.S. and Russian probes that will attempt to investigate Earth's nearest neighbor.

Leading the Pioneer Venus 1 are five more American craft that are the first U.S. ships aimed at the planet's surface. They are self-contained pieces of a single craft that split apart as it neared the planet. They are to reach Venus on Saturday.

One will incinerate after briefly studying the harsh atmosphere, the others will fall to the surface and be destroyed by the crushing pressure and intense heat.

Two Soviet craft are due

about two weeks after the American fleet. Both are expected to send probes to the surface.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration describes its \$225 million project as an ambitious study of atmosphere and climate. Scientists hope to get new

clues to the forces that drive the weather on Earth. The surface-bound probes will crash into the planet at widely scattered locations about an hour after entering its atmosphere to measure and report on conditions. The probes are not likely to survive the impact, NASA says.

## Election tests strength of Indira party in north

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3 (AP) — About 45 per cent of those eligible voted Sunday in a special election at Fatehpur, north India, which will determine whether former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's party has made a comeback in the Hindu-speaking belt.

Results of the special parliamentary election, called when a ruling Janata Party member died, were expected late Tuesday.

A leader of her Indira Congress Party has already alleged that Janata supporters

tried to rig balloting in two areas of the constituency.

Mrs. Gandhi, 61, lost her own seat in the same state, Uttar Pradesh in the March, 1977, general election which followed her 19 months of Emergency rule.

She won a new seat in a special election last month at Chikmagalur, south India, where Emergency excesses were less severe than in northern areas. But her candidate was defeated by a Janata opponent in a similar contest last week in Samastipur, in east central India.

## Rhodesia to be worth living in under coalition, Smith asserts

SALISBURY, Dec. 3 (AP) — Prime Minister Ian Smith Sunday defended the proposed "national government," which will give Rhodesia's white minority considerable political influence for another five years, as the best way to ensure the country remains

"worth living in."

In a nationwide radio and television broadcast, Smith said the escalating guerrilla war and what he termed Anglo-American "support" for the insurgents made it necessary to set up a biracial coalition government after universal suffrage elections.

The elections, which the guerrillas have pledged to disrupt, are now scheduled for next April 20 under the largely unrecognized internal settlement signed last March by Smith and three moderate black leaders.

Smith maintained keeping the confidence of whites — now emigrating at the rate of 1,500 a month — was vital, and that his black colleagues, Abel Muzorewa, Ndabandabi Sithole and Jeremiah Chirau, shared this view.

"Having gone so far on our present road, I hope they (the whites) will see it through," said Smith. "And if they do stand together, then we will build here the finest country on the African continent."

In a move seen as a means

of ensuring continued white influence after black rule, the administration announced last week the government elected next April will consist for five years of cabinet ministers appointed in proportion to the number of parliament seats each party wins.

Under the March 3 agreement, 28 seats in the proposed 100-seat legislature are reserved for whites for an initial 10 years, meaning whites could compose more than a quarter of the cabinet chosen by a black prime minister.

## No word from epicenter of strong Balkan quake

BELGRADE, Dec. 3 (AP) — The Belgrade and Titograd Seismological Institutes Sunday recorded a strong earthquake about 430 kilometers south of the Yugoslav capital in the region of the Albanian town of Elbasan. The tremors' strength read

4.3 degrees on the Richter Scale. At its epicenter the intensity was about five degrees on the open-ended scale.

There were no reports available about damage or injury. An earthquake that registers five on the Richter Scale is capable of causing considerable damage.

From page one

### 12 killed

The sources said three persons were killed in Mahabad, capital of Kordestan province, and six in the big central city of Isfahan. Residents of the holy city of Mashhad in the northeast said several persons died there during demonstrations Sunday.

Economic activity in the capital remained badly disrupted by sporadic strikes and go-slow action and a continuing atmosphere of crisis caused by the past two nights of curfew defiance and shooting.

Banking sources said a strike in the central bank had

dried up flows of rial currency and foreign exchange to commercial banks and some branches had closed because they were out of ready cash.

Central bank officials confirmed to a reporter that most of the bank was on strike, but said the cash department was working normally.

Operations of an offshore oil venture by the Iran-Panamerican Company (Ipac) were halted by a workers strike, marginally reducing normal production. The operation had only just recovered from a

three week strike which crippled the oil industry. But the continuing political and street turmoil pushed Iran's economic problems, thought to be building up into a major future economic crisis, into the background for the moment.

Opposition sources confirmed a statement by the Prime Minister, Gen. Gholamreza Azhari, that some curfew-breakers Saturday night played tape-recorded bursts of machine-gun fire, religious sermons and slogans.

They were played not to cause fear, as Gen. Azhari said Sunday, but as a protest against the shooting, the sources said.

Khalil also described Sadat's letter to Begin as "very constructive and an important basis for resuming the negotiations."

Khalil has decided to extend his stay in Washington for another two days to continue his talks with the American leaders on prospects of resuming the stalled negotiations.

The decision was seen in Cairo as a sign that the treaty negotiations might be resumed.

This optimism was echoed by Sadat who told representatives of Sinai inhabitants Sunday that he would soon celebrate with them the evacuation of Israeli troops from the Egyptian peninsula.

### Israel

"I promise to meet you soon in the heart of Sinai after the completion of Israeli withdrawal from our territory...the land of love and peace," Sadat told a group representing the people of Sinai who went to Cairo to convey support for his peace effort.

In another development the head of the Palestine Liberation Organization said Sunday that linking the Palestinian issue to a peace treaty between Egypt and Israel will not temper Palestinian opposition to the pact.

"It makes no difference," said Yasser Arafat, the PLO chief. "We are against it."

### Fahd

and the members of the Kuwaiti delegation. Earlier, Sheikh Saad visited the King Faisal's Air Academy and, in the evening, he was shown round King Faisal's Specialist Hospital.

Later Sunday Prince Abdullah gave a dinner party for the Kuwaiti Prime Minister and his delegation.

The dinner was attended by Prince Fahd and other princes, cabinet ministers, senior state officials and high-ranking officers.

Arafat, who was interviewed in Lebanon, said the Palestinians will not accept accommodations between Egypt and Israel.

Arafat indicated that the principals cannot expect PLO cooperation no matter how the issue is settled.

The interview with Arafat was broadcast on CBS "Face the Nation."

### Kuwaiti

The Iraq news agency said they discussed questions related to OAPEC's next ordinary meeting, scheduled to be held in Abu Dhabi on Dec. 12.

### Doctors

an independent Western Sahara region. Polisario guerrillas have been fighting a three-year war in the Western Sahara from Algerian bases against Morocco and Mauritania.

Meanwhile a little-known opposition group, the National Union for Democracy and Freedom (UNDL), Saturday distributed to foreign journalists and some embassies a statement calling for the "liquidation" of the Boumedienne regime.

We Discharge  
5,500 Daily  
We can therefore guarantee  
highest quality of Fresh  
Cement to meet your  
requirements.  
**JEDDAH CEMENT CO. LTD**  
TEL: 56778 TELEX: 40122 REDEC  
JEDDAH SAUDI ARABIA

"bien-être"  
Refreshing For the whole family  
"bien-être"  
available in Eau de Cologne & Lavande  
TAMER

**Al Nemer Hotel**  
LATEST HOTEL OPENED  
IN DAMMAM WITH MOST  
MODERN COMFORT AND  
FACILITIES  
MEET & ASSIST SERVICE  
AND TRANSPORT FROM  
AIRPORT, FREE OF  
CHARGE  
BANQUETING HALL UP TO  
150 PERSONS  
OUTSIDE CATERING  
**COFFEE SHOP AL MASSARAH**  
ROUND THE CLOCK SERVICE  
FOR QUICK AND DELICIOUS  
MEAL  
**ANDALOUSIAH RESTAURANT**  
ON TOP OF THE HOTEL  
WITH PANORAMIC VIEW  
ORIENTAL & INTERNATIONAL  
SPECIALITIES  
DAMMAM FIRST STREET  
OPPOSITE THE PUBLIC GARDEN  
TEL: 20517 20641 20546 31753 31513  
P.O. BOX 509 TELEX 61449 NEMTEL S.J.

هنا من العمل